Deaver & Gephart

The Millheim Journal.

VOL. LIV. MILLHEIM, PA., THURSDAY, MAY 13, 1880. NO. 19.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

C. T. Alexander. C. M. Bower.

ALEXANDER & BOWER,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Office in Garman's new building.

JOHN B. LINN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Office on Allegheny Street.

CLEMENT DALE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Northwest corner of Diamond.

D. G. Bush. S. H. Yocum. D. H. Hastings.
BUSH, YOCUM & HASTINGS,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
High Street, Opposite First National Bank.

WM. C. HEINLE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Practices in all the courts of Centre County. Special attention to Collections. Consultations in German or English.

WILBUR F. REEDER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
All business promptly attended to. Collection of claims a specialty.

J. A. Beaver. J. W. Gephart.
BEAVER & GEPHART,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Office on Allegheny Street, North of High.

W. A. MORRISON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Office on Woodring's Block, Opposite Court House.

D. S. KELLER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Consultations in English or German. Office in Lyon's Building, Allegheny Street.

JOHN G. LOVE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Office in the rooms formerly occupied by the late W. P. Wilson.

MILLHEIM BANKING CO.,
MAIN STREET,
MILLHEIM, PA.
A. WALTER, Cashier. DAV. KRAPE, Pres.

A. HARTER,
AUCTIONEER,
REBERSBURG, PA.
Satisfaction Guaranteed.

FOOD FOR THOUGHT.

Those errors are not to be charged upon religion which proceed either from the want of religion or superstitious mistakes about it.

To fill the sphere which Providence appoints is true wisdom; to discharge trusts faithfully and have exalted ideas, is the mission of good men.

A cheerful, happy temper keeps up a kind of daylight in the mind, excludes each gloomy prospect, and fills it with a steady and perpetual serenity.

The constant man looks up to Heaven in full hope, even when it is darkened, as flowers that open with the sun, close not though he be hid by clouds.

Do not affect to be witty or in jest so as to wound the feelings of another. So say as little as possible of yourself and those who are near and dear to you.

If we would be perfect, we must part with much that we love, forego much that would be pleasant—not to flesh and blood alone, but to mind and heart.

There is one noble means of avenging ourselves for unjust criticism; it is by doing still better, and silencing it solely by the increasing excellence of our work.

Energy will do anything that can be done in the world; and no talent, no circumstance, no opportunities, will make a two-legged animal a man without it.

Blessed be the man who knows how to caper and enjoy nonsense; woe to the man that parted early with his boyhood, and blessed be the man that carries his boyhood down latest into life.

Avoid exaggeration. A lady loses as soon as she admires too easily, and too much. In man or woman the face and the person lose power when they are on the strain to express admiration.

Love one human being purely and warmly, and you will love all. The heart in this heaven, like the wandering sun, seek nothing, from the dew-drop to the ocean, but a mirror which it warms and fills.

We must consult the gentlest manner and softest reason of address in our admonishment; our advice must not fall like a violent storm, bearing down and making those to droop whom it is meant to cherish and refresh. It must descend as the dew upon the tender herb, or like melting flakes of snow—the softer it falls the longer it dwells upon, and the deeper it sinks into the mind.

POEMS OF THE WEEK.

SUNDAY.

Lie still and rest, in that serene repose
That on this holy morning comes to those
Who have been buried with the cares that make
The sad heart weary and the tired heart ache.
Lie still and rest—
God's day of all is best.

MONDAY.

Awake! arise! Cast off thy drowsy dreams!
Red in the east, behold the morning gleams.
"As Monday goes, so goes the week," dames say.
Refreshed, relieved, use well the initial day;
And see; thy neighbor
Already seeks his labor.

TUESDAY.

Another morning's banners are unfurled—
Another day looks smiling on the world;
It holds new laurels for thy soul to win;
Mar not its grace by slothfulness or sin,
Nor sad, away
Send it to yesterday.

WEDNESDAY.

Half-way unto the end—the week's high noon
The morning hours do speed away so soon!
And when the noon is reached however bright,
Instinctively we look toward the night.
The glow is lost
Once the meridian crost.

THURSDAY.

So well the week has sped, hast thou a friend
Go spend an hour in converse. It will lend
New beauty to thy labors and thy life
To pause a little sometimes in the strife.
Toil soon seems rude
That has no interlude.

FRIDAY.

From feast abstain; be temperate, and pray;
Fast if thou wilt and yet throughout the day,
Neglect no labor and no duty shrink;
For many hours are left thee for thy work—
And it were meet
Till all should be complete.

SATURDAY.

Now with the almost finished task make haste;
So near the night, thou hast no time to waste.
Post up accounts, and let thy soul's eyes look
For flaws and errors in life's ledger-book.
When labors cease,
How sweet the sense of peace!

Ted.

"It's very dusty," and Mrs. Laura Amberley shook slightly the glossy folds of her grey traveling dress.

A trivial remark, but her husband glanced quickly at the half-averted face.

"You are displeased, Laura."

Young Mrs. Amberley bit her beautiful lips in a moment's silence.

"I think I might have my choice, Algernon."

"It does seem a little hard, doesn't it, dear," lifting lightly the little gloved hand and kissing it.

Certainly Algernon wished to indulge his bride of a month, but he continued:

"In taking one of these children of my dead half-sister, I wish to make a choice which will be the most benefit to the family. The older girls can earn their own living. The younger is very pretty, and will be adopted by a good and wealthy family if we do not take her away, while Ted—"

"Ted!" interrupted Laura impatiently.

"Ted is at an undesirable age, and not particularly brilliant and interesting; but as he is one who stands most in need of help, I think we ought to take him."

"Such a shock of tow hair, and so horribly bashful!" pouted beauty-loving. Laura.

"I know the little girl would please you best, but perhaps the boy will develop better than the girl," replied Amberley, in the tone of decision his wife had already learned to know.

He was so certain he was right—that the poor, friendless, unformed boy was most in need of protection and training—that he could not allow his wife's fancy to decide this important matter, much as he regretted her disappointment.

The younger child—the little Nellie—was pretty as a picture, and at the charming age of three. He could not but sympathize with Laura's wishes, but his young wife was short-sighted.

He was older than she, and felt obliged to decide the matter according to his best judgment.

They were on their wedding trip. From Niagara it had extended to Chicago; from that city to a lonely tract of rolling prairie, where resided this remote connection of the Amberley family.

The father of these orphan children was a coarse, hard man, who was already casting about for a second wife; and the probability was that the expected stepmother would be little benefit to the two young and helpless little ones.

Laura regarded this man with a feeling little less than horror. The rude and primitive living was distasteful to her refined sensibilities.

It was only when she walked alone across the great billows of green, and, standing in solitude in the silence, beheld stretched before her countless leagues of luminous sunset, that she said to herself that the West was grand and beautiful.

They were driving now along the smooth prairie road. A silvery creek ran along its edge, bright and bank-full. Here and there a Judas bush showed its crimson among the bush greens. To right and left stretched away the boundless prairie.

Laura had requested the driver to get away from the uninviting home; but for the first time there was a shadow between herself and her husband.

In justice to young Mrs. Amberley, let me say that she tried to repress her discontent, but this only made her disappointment more apparent to her husband. More and more it troubled him, loving his young wife most tenderly, and at last he said:

"If you really cannot give up the little girl Laura, you shall have her."

"Algernon," she cried, "it isn't that. I like the little Nelly so very much, but I don't see anything to like in Ted," who came bashfully out to take the horses. He always stared at Laura. Certainly she was the most beautiful creature he had ever seen in his life.

Secretly he adored her as she lingered a moment now. Having descended from the carriage, and being loth to go into the house, he addressed her:

"Be you going to take me?"

"No," said Laura, quickly; "I think I shall take Nelly."

"She noticed that the boy's head dropped as he turned away, leading the horses; but she took little notice of that.

The next morning her husband was called to Chicago alone on business. She endured the uncongenial surroundings as long as she could, then caught up her hat and shawl and went out to walk.

She strolled half a mile, found the fording of the creek and still went on.

The emerald of the bush grass was magnificent, the May sky arched above blue as lapus lazuli. Sweet wild birds flew over her head, and no other living thing was in sight.

The great stillness had a wonderful charm for her. Now she looked wonderingly at the green distance surrounding her, then wandered about, gathering the flowers that gemmed the grass like rubies, sapphires and stars of gold.

The tinted clouds of sunset began to fall in the West at last and she turned toward home.

After walking quite a distance she began to look anxiously for the landmarks of her return. In vain. Round and round she wandered; but the changing light gave everything a new aspect.

For half an hour she stood with throbbing heart, looking vainly to the right and left—lost!

The roseate light deepened into gray. A dense fog crept around her. She had directed her faltering footsteps to a single cottonwood tree, and now stood clinging to it, her heart sinking in her bosom. Oh, where was she and what would become of her?

She could make no further effort, so bewildered had she become that she knew no longer in which direction to search. Must she stay there all night? If so she tried to believe that nothing would harm her.

But it grew dark. The fireflies swarmed around her head. She heard a strange, istant, mournful noise which terrified her.

Suddenly she heard her name called: "Aunt Laura! Aunt Laura!" She replied. "Here!" eagerly, and a small figure came bounding through the rustling grass to her side.

It was Ted.

"Oh, Ted! I am lost!"

"I know it. I came to find you. I was watching for you to come back—you did not come. I said nothing to the others. I set off to find you. Come quick! I think I can find the ford."

Laura grasped the boy's small, eager hand, and hurried away with him through the dew-wet grass.

"You are all wet, Ted."

"I could not wait to find the ford; I swam across."

Laura's eyes distended still further with surprise.

They were hurrying—running.

"I know the way, but it is so dark," said Ted.

"Ted, won't the others come for me?"

"I don't know."

It was a hesitating, pained tone.

"Your own folks are away, you know?"

A selfish, churlish man, two young and unreliant girls; who would search the lone, chilly prairie if Ted had not come!

Laura's soft, jeweled hand closed tighter on the child's rough one.

"Oh, Ted! my husband will pay you for this!"

He stopped.

"Aunt Laura, it's no use to go on. I can't find the ford, it's got so dark."

He was panting.

"The tree," he replied, wasn't it an old dry one?"

"Dry and withered, I believe—yes."

"We must go back to it."

"Why?"

He did not answer, but hurried her on.

"Ted, what is that noise I hear? Dogs barking?"

"Hurry! Harry!" pulling her over the backward path.

"Why must we go back to that tree, Ted?"

"It is dry, you said?"

"Ted what is that howling?"

Her voice shook with a vague fear now.

"Here it is."

He placed her with her back against the old dry tree.

"I brought some matches," he panted.

"Matches! What for?"

He snatched some dry leaves together, tore some strips from his old cotton jacket-sleeve, and lighted the whole.

Then he threw on dead branches, all piled against the further side of the tree-trunk.

"Ted, what is that for?"

"Wolves, wolves! Don't you see them?" cried the boy throwing out his arms. "But you needn't be afraid; they can't hurt you now. Oh, Aunt Laura, they'll never come near us now, for they are afraid of fire, and the tree is burning."

Laura had sank upon the ground, fainting with terror.

"Oh, Ted, dear Ted!" she sobbed, "I'll help you!"—for the flames dying down for an instant, the boy began snatching up handfuls of dry grass.

For hours they worked, piling on all the inflammable material they could find around the trunk of the cottonwood, while those strange dancing sparks so near the ground—the fierce eyes of the wolves, which Laura saw plainly now—reluctantly retreated when the flames blazed, at last, to the topmost boughs of the tree, and the light streamed far and wide.

Disheveled, pallid, exhausted, her misery lost at last in a brief sleep—thus Algernon Amberley found his wife in the early dawn.

The ground smoked beneath her, burning twigs fell around her; but Ted's watching eyes took care that she was not burned. His little jacket was wrapped around her shoulders; her head was pillowed on his knee.

"She's tired, I reckon," he said simply.

"Oh, my boy!" broke from Algernon Amberley's lips.

He carried his wife home in his arms, Ted leading the way—Ted never once conscious of the love he had earned, but sad and lonely again in that old farm-house.

But Laura had him brought to her bedside, held his hands in hers, kissed his little grimy cheeks.

"Ted, you are going back with us. There is not another boy so loved in all the world."

And it was true.

—Caps and hats came into general use about 1449.

Better Cooks.

What are some of the things that every cook who prepares the food for any family ought to know? Unless the whole routine of her work be hap-hazard and unreliable, she should have intelligent and well-defined opinions concerning the relations of food to physical growth, so she can furnish that which is best adapted to the whole household, fit to build up symmetrical and healthful bodies for the children, as well as to give to the mature workers of the family the necessary nutriment to keep good the balance between supply and demand. The children should not fail to develop properly because of her ignorance of their needs. The father should never give out more strength and vitality in his struggle with the world than she can make good to him as she prepares his daily food. All this implies a practical application of the principles taught in physiology and chemistry, as well as a knowledge of the kind and quality of nourishment stored in plants, flesh, fish and fowl. Earth, air and sea furnish her with materials which she must understand how to prepare so that it can be easily transformed into bone, blood and muscle in such proportions that each shall have its proper development. She must be both too wise and too humane to concoct any dish or brew any drink that will induce dyspepsia, headache or dullness. Never until cooks give more time to the mastery of such studies will cookery take its proper place among sciences. These bodies of ours are exceedingly complicated and delicate machines, not to be safely tampered with by bunglers. A blacksmith can undertake with greater impunity to make a watch, than an ignorant and untrained housewife to build up without knowledge and without skill a symmetrical and perfectly developed human body.

And when the value of these bodies, not only as physical organisms but as related to mental growth, is fully appreciated, the work of the skilled cook will rank with that of other great scientists, and, more than this, with that of other great philanthropists. It is not extravagant to say that the progress of humanity toward true perfection depends largely on this branch of domestic economy. How much thought, time and study are given now to the proper food for fine stock? Here in our own laboratory extensive analyses of grasses, grains, etc., have been made in order to determine which will most rapidly and healthfully stimulate the growth of cattle and swine. Surely we owe as much care to our children as to our herds. It is certainly true that just in proportion to the advance of any people in civilization will be the advance of care and skill in the preparation of food. It is therefore worthy of absorbing study. Health, mental vigor, virtue and happiness depend more closely than we are apt to imagine on the cook who reigns in our kitchen.

The Pad Agent.

He was a well dressed, pleasant-faced man, and he carried a small black box in his hand. He entered an insurance office with a familiar air, walked up to the sole occupant, who was writing a letter, and began:

"Excuse me, sir, but I represent four different kinds of pads, viz: Lung—"

"I am busy," interrupted the letter-writer.

"Yiz: Lung, liver stomach and kidney, and in a few days we—"

"Didn't I say that I was busy?" demanded the citizen as he put down his pen.

"You did, sir; and in a few days we shall bring out the heart pad, the throat pad and the ear pad. Excuse me if I sit down. Please let me feel of your pulse."

"I want none of your pads, sir! I am busy, sir, and I want my office to myself!"

"Nevertheless, you do want a pad, and I can prove it. A healthy pulse should not beat over eighty-five per minute. I'll bet yours goes to a hundred. Any one can see that you are ailing. I can sell you a beautiful stomach pad at reduced rates. How much do you—"

"Didn't I say I didn't want any of your pads, sir?"

"Correct, you did. Do your lungs trouble you?"

"No, sir!"

"Heart all right?"

"Yes, sir!"

"Hearing good?"

"Yes, sir!"

"Ever have the back-ache?"

"No, sir!"

"Spleen all right?"

"Yes, sir!"

"Throat bother you?"

"No, sir! I tell you I don't want any of your pads I want to be let right alone! I've got a head-ache this morn——."

"Eureka! Keep still!—not a word! You furnish the capital, and I'll put in my time and we'll bring out a head-ache pad! Capital idea—rich thought! Go ahead and write your letter, and I'll be—"

The citizen ran for his cane in the corner but the pads had walked out to hunt for ailing humanity.

Absence of Mind.

"Speaking of absence of mind," said the Rev. Sidney Smith, "the oddest instance happened to me once in forgetting my name. I knocked at a door in London, and asked if Mrs. B. was at home. "Yes, sir: pray what name shall I say?' I looked in the man's face astonished—what name? Aye, that is my question—what is my name? I believe the man thought me mad, but it is true that during the space of two or three minutes I had no more idea of who I was than if I had never existed. I did not know whether I was a dissenter or a layman; I felt as dull as Sternhold or Jenkins. At last, to my great relief, it flashed across me that I was Sidney Smith. I heard also of a clergyman, who went jogging along on the road until he came to a turnpike. 'What is to pay?' 'Pay, sir? for what?' asked the turnpike man. 'Why, for my horse, to be sure!' 'Your horse, sir! what horse? Here is no horse, sir!' 'No horse! God bless me!' said he, suddenly looking down between his legs, 'I thought I was on horse back!"

Longevity of Trees.

The following table of the comparative longevity of trees, is based on an examination of annual concentric layers of the oldest known trees. Judas-tree, 300 years; common elm, 335; common ivy, 450; common maple, 416; white birch 576; orange tree, 630; evergreen cypress, 800; common olive, 800; walnut 900; oriental plane, 1,000; common lime 1,100; common fir, 1,206; cedar of Lebanon, 2000; taxodium distichum, 1,000. vew 3200.

Chumming for Bluefish.

"I tell you," said Andrew Sammis, a Long Island fisherman, "it's no fun fishing in the bay or outside in the winter. Of course we fish all winter for cod. About the first of November they begin to run, and we regularly fish for them until May. When the cod come the fishermen go down to Wiginlet, over the beach, and build huts. Then whenever the weather is at all favorable they go outside. There are as many as thirty boats out at once sometimes. They fish as the old smackers used to fish, with hooks every six feet on the line, letting the fish hook themselves. The smackers are those that go out in large smacks, and stay days, and sometimes weeks. They put their catch into wells, as they call them, and take them to Fulton market alive. There is much rivalry between them and the yawl fishers. The latter do not keep their fish alive, and so when they take them to market it is necessary to sell the dead fish first. This hurts the business of the smackers, and last winter they tried to get a law passed that no dead cod fish should be sold in Fulton market, but they couldn't get it through. I tell you, yawl fishing is hard work. Sometimes we can't go out it is perhaps so cold that; your lines freeze the minute they leave the water. They have to be handled bare-handed, and so frozen fingers follow. I freeze my fingers regularly every winter."

By this time the fishing grounds, about a mile north of the Surf hotel, were reached. There were already several boats at anchor, and Sammis's sloop was soon added to the number. The fishing was to be done by "chumming," a method entirely new to the writer. He watched the fisherman and saw how it was done. First, Sammis sharpened a rusty hatchet and a rusty butcher knife on a piece of a brick. Whether all "chummers" use a brick or not is not known Sammis did. With the knife he sliced a piece off of one of the bunkers, and cut this piece into small chunks. This was for the hooks, and the hooks were baited. Then, drawing a rude chopping board from the hold, he placed it by the boat's side, and, placing a bunker therein, he proceeded to chop and mangle it until it was fine. It did not make a pleasant looking mess. This was "chum." A handful was thrown overboard often, and the tide carried it off. The hooks were thrown in, and they, too, floated back with the chum.

"The main thing," Sammis said, holding his line with one hand and cutting "chum" with the other, "is to keep the trail of chum unbroken. The fish are soon attracted and follow it and feed on it. There, you've got a bite; pull him along, don't give him any slack; that's right.

With immense pride the writer yanked his fish, which was very gamy and made all the fight possible, now jumping clean out of the water, then coming head first for the boat. The hook was baited and again thrown out, Sammis meanwhile cutting "chum" and holding his line in his teeth. A savage bluefish jerked the line from his teeth and made off with the bait unharmed. The writer pulled in another and lost two. Sammis, with cutting bait and pulling out fish, had his hands full. In less than an hour twenty-eight handsome fish were struggling in the boat. Suddenly they stopped biting.

"It's slack water," Sammis said. "They won't bite for an hour or two, until the tide sets out pretty strong. They're a nice fish, ain't they? But they are perfect gormandizers. They'll eat just as long as there is anything to eat. I've seen a lot of bluefish get into a school of bunkers, and the water all around would be red with blood. A bluefish would catch a bunker and shake him all to pieces, as a dog shakes rats, and they would bite and snap into the school apparently out of pure deviltry. But we're going to have more nasty weather; the rain ain't over yet. If you say so we'll run back. Pity it's so stormy. Come down some pleasant day and I'll give you all the sport you want."

A Snake Swallower.

Recently farmer Potts, of Berks county, Pa., was the victim of a terrible adventure. Becoming drowsy he laid under a tree, and while sleeping a snake about nineteen inches in length and of a green color darted into his open mouth and descended into his stomach. After he awoke he experienced a peculiar and sickening sensation At times he frothed at the mouth, and his eyes almost started from their sockets. A physician pressed his ear to Potts' breast and distinctly heard the movements of the reptile. The victim was required to inhale the steam of boiled milk, which produced a strangling sensation, the snake having made an unsuccessful effort to leave the stomach. Potts was then led under a shed roof and put on a wagon. A strong rope was tied to a beam and then securely wrapped around the legs of the sufferer. The wagon was then pulled away, and Potts was left dangling head down. While in this position he again inhaled the steam of boiled milk. The patient's tongue protruded and his eyes started. The thick steam flowed into his throat and the sufferer made a noise as if choking. Then quick as thought the docter saw a head protrude, and seizing it with his naked fingers he quickly pulled and the reptile was dashed into an empty bucket. In a few seconds Potts was lying on the ground nearly dead. He was given some whisky and water and was rubbed with coarse toweling, and finally he seemed to be resting easy. He was carried into the house and put to bed, and light food was administered. His throat was very sore, but still he was thankful when he was told that the reptile had been removed. He is slowly recovering.

A Refined Butcher.

Harkins' daughter returned from Denton's butcher shop, laid a steak upon the table and said:

"That's the most refined butcher I ever met. I asked him if this steak was tender, and he said, 'Oh! so beautifully tender, as the maiden in the first blush of love, a steak fit to be classed with tender, and hallowed associations, and one likely to be devoured by so fair and beautiful a maiden.'"

Harkins pushed the glasses up on top of his head, looked at the girl, and then thundered:

"What under the canopy was that fellow giving you?"

And, as her color came and went, she replied:

"Giving me taffy, I suppose."

POSTAGE stamps must not be used more than once. To go through the mails a letter must bear the stamp of originality.

Something About Curls.

Every man has noticed, and every man of taste has been disgusted with the flat curls, which many women wear upon their forehead, giving them as artificial and unattractive an appearance as anything of equal dimensions can. These curls are kept in place, it seems, by gumming the hair with bandoline, a preparation of quince-seeds. In consequence of its demand for this purpose the importation of quince-seeds has largely increased. The seeds used to be admitted free as seeds for medicinal use, but being now employed as an aid to the toilet, a duty of twenty per cent, advalorem has been put upon them. It is not the province of the Secretary of the Treasury to regulate the national taste, but if he had made the seeds pay one-hundred per cent, or any amount of duty sufficient to prevent the manufacture of bandoline, and the making of those odious curls, he would have done a public benefit. But, neither he nor any other man, nor any public body, can hinder women who are so resolved, from disfiguring themselves. If they had not bandoline they would get something else, for they seem determined to wear the hideous curls. When we remember that the entire sex are absorbed with the question of how to make themselves look best, it is impossible to understand why they take such pains to produce the opposite effect. It is their ignorance, of course, which is at fault, and their ignorance seems to be unconquerable. Take them for all in all, American women have as much taste as any women in the world, and yet a great many blindly adopt anything labeled as fashion without thinking whether it be fit or unfit. Fashion will at any time drive them into any absurdity. It makes thousands, who might appear to advantage by consulting common sense, nature and their own needs, appear unattractive, and often renders them ridiculous. Fashion, indeed, as commonly represented, is more a deformer than a beautifier, and always will be, until women, refusing to accept its autocratic behests, study the principles of pure taste, which are, radically, always the same, and whose basis is the becoming.

A Story of Steel Pens.

Few persons who use steel pens on which is stamped "Gillott" have any idea of the story of suffering, of indomitable pluck and persistence which belong to the placing of that name on that article. A long depression in trade in England threw thousands of Sheffield mechanics out of work, among them Joseph Gillott, then twenty-one years of age. He left the city with but a shilling in his pocket. Reaching Birmingham, he went into an old inn and sat down upon a wooden settle in the tap-room. His last penny was spent for a roll. He was weak, hungry and ill. He had not a friend in Birmingham, and there was little chance that he would find work. In his despondency he was tempted to give up, and turn beggar or tramp. Then a sudden fiery energy siezed him. He brought his fist down on the table, declaring to himself that he would try and trust in God, come what would. He found work that day in making belt buckles, which were then fashionable. As soon as he had saved a pound or two he hired a garret in Bread street, and there carried on work for himself, bringing his taste and his knowledge of tools into constant use, even when working at hand-made goods. This was the secret of Gillott's success. Other workmen drudged on passively in the old ruts. He was wide-awake, eager to improve his work, or to shorten the way of working. He fell in love with a pretty and sensible girl named Mitchell, who, with her brothers, was making steel pens. Each pen was then clipped, punched and polished by hand, and pens were sold at enormous high prices. Gillott at once brought his skill in tools to bear on the matter, and soon invented a machine which turned the points out by thousands in the time that a man would require to make one. He married Miss Mitchell, and they carried on the manufacture together for years. On the morning of his marriage the industrious young workman made a gross of pens, and sold them for thirty-six dollars to pay the wedding fees. In his old age, having reaped an enormous fortune by his shrewdness, honesty and industry, Mr. Gillott went again to the old inn, bought the settle, and had the square sawed out and made into a chair, which he left as an heirloom to his family to remind them of the secret of his success.

A Water Monster.

A monster whale was recently exhibited in New York. A man stood on the whale's hump as the dead levithian lay along the bottom of the float. A half block of the shiny black animal stretched its length beyond him, while just beneath the path he walked two and fro upon was the monster's mouth—a bony, boat-shaped lower jaw, wider and half as long as a whaleboat, and a narrow-pointed upper jaw, fringed with whalebone and triced up with a cable from the top and a beam underneath, placed as corncobs are put in the mouths of hogs in butcher shops. The whale looks like a long misshapen mass of glossy India rubber. Only what may be called his after part—thirty or 40 feet back of the hump—is shaped like a fish, and that terminates much as whales do in pictures, with a fantail, which seems to have been accidentally put on the wrong way. The skin is scratched and torn in places, and the red blood that distinguishes its kind from the fishes stains its flesh. On the other side the aroma of the fresh lime, which seems to have been carted to the edge of the lower jaw and dumped in, refreshes the visitor.

"I hope you didn't come here to jab knives in him," says the irritable man on the whale's hump, "or umbrellas either, or sticks (pointing to offenders who used those implements). We ain't exhibiting the inside of the whale, and it won't last any too long as it is.

"Step right along, good people,' says this exhibitor to the throng, whose members march singly, hugging a railing that has been put up around the dead whale; "step right along; there's more coming to see the whale. Pass out of the other door. The ear, sir, is just beneath that harpoon—no, that's the eye. Pass on, good people, you'll see the scars of the lances further on. He was not killed with that harpoon; he was killed by two—(that's the spout hole, sir)—by two bomb lances that exploded in him and killed him. Afterward that harpoon was stuck in, and he was towed with it by men in that boat yonder.

"Whales don't have teeth—that's the whalebone," he said, presently, to a man who wanted to know whether whales "always have hair on their teeth?" "That's the tail and this is the head. The spout hole is here at my feet; the ear is under that harpoon; the eyes are these things. What are you trying to do—to see if you can force your umbrella through the whale, or do you want to get inside him? No, sir; the whale in its natural position—right side up, with care. Yes, its dead. You'll get a full history of the whale when you go out."

There were many woman in the throng that kept pouring in at one end of the float, and out at the other end. The temptation to poke the yielding mass seemed stronger with the women than the men. On the other hand, the small boys found it impossible to pass the great flat tail or the leathery six-foot fins stretched but beyond the railing without walking on them, and jumping just a little when the showman did not see them. There were two men on the after gang plank, and the circulars sold by the man who called them "the most important part of the exhibition," did not wholly agree with what the other man, in a rubber coat, said about the whale.

"This is one of the humpback species," the circular read. "It is sixty-five feet long, and forty-five feet around the body at the hump, and weighs seventy tons. The carcass is worth $500 for oil and bone. He was bought by S. S. Swift & Co. of Provincetown for $600, and was towed by one of Boston's biggest tugs to New York, which took four days and nights, and cost $450 for towage. When captured twenty barrels of herring were taken out of him. This is the largest whale ever exhibited in the United States. This whale was struck by a bomb lance. A bomb lance is filled with dynamite, which explodes when it strikes the blubber, killing the whale."

"It's a finback," said the man in the rubber contemptuously. "I've been a whaler twenty-five years and I never took one of them fishes, though many's the chance I've had to do it. Why not? Well they can run like the devil, and they always do when they're strucks This one was sick or they'd never have got him. There aint no oil in him to speak of—no finback ever had mor'n fifteen barrel in him. I'd sooner catch a black fish. Big? Pshaw! He aint nothing alongside of a right or a sperm whale. It's a good spec, though. They paid $700 for him; took in more than that in the first two hours."

Indian Longevity.

There is an Indian woman now living at Joshia Peters's, near San Luis Rey, California, who is at least one hundred and twenty-four years of age. Many years ago her hair turned snowy white, but within recent years it has undergone renewal, and is now as black as a coal. She is now in her second childhood—speaks and lisps, and has all the mental characteristics of a child. Some fifteen years ago this woman's memory was good, and she recollected and told distinctively of the time when the Mission Fathers began building the San Diego Mission and tried to civilize the Indians. At that time—1769—she was a young woman, and living with her tribe near the Valfe de los Viojas. The missionaries sent their soldiers and vaqueros after the Indians to corral them and bring them into the missions, and treated the Indians with great severity and cruelty. The old woman used to relate that one of these vaqueros threw a lasso over to catch her, and in so doing strangled to death the infant that she was carrying on her back. W. B. Couts and other old residents of San Luis Rey know this venerable woman well, have often listened to her relations of past times, and are perfectly convinced that she is one hundred and twenty-four years old.

Kaffiristan.

Surgeon-Major H. W. Bellew, of the British Army, has lately collected from native authorities some useful information respecting Kaffiristan, that interesting country which no European has so far succeeded in exploring. It appears that it is, after all, only about 150 miles in length by 50 or 60 in breadth, and its boundaries may be taken as the Hindu Kush on the north, including both the northern and the southern slopes, from Latkoh Darra on the east to the Farajgal Valley on the range separating it from Panjshir on the west; the Chitral river, down to Chaghansarae, or even Kunar, on the east, forms its limit in that direction, while the southern boundary may be taken to be a line from Derra Nur on the east to Tagoa on the west; and on the west it is bounded by the Nijrao and Panjashir Valleys. The whole area is mountainous and furrowed by a succession of long, winding valleys, each of which has its own system of branches and glens ramifying into the recesses of the mountains. From information which Dr. Bellew derived from a native of the country there appears to be "nowhere room to gallop a horse."

Young Farmers.

The Chadd's Ford, Pa., Club, wishing to encourage the young folks to a study of the best methods of farming, &c., has offered a handsome lot of prizes to Chester and Delaware county boys of seventeen years and under, who shall raise the largest number of bushels of corn on one-eighth of an acre of land in the year 1880. The contestants are to be allowed to do as they please about manuring, hoeing, &., but are to keep a record of what they do and the cost, and report at the end of the season. Similar prizes are to be offered to the girls of the two counties who shall make the best butter. The butter and the corn are to be exhibited together. Such trials of skill are calculated to do a great deal of good by directing the attention of the young folks to a study of the conditions necessary to the achievement of the best results.

A Good Deal Mixed.

A short time ago an enterprising *female* did a flourishing business in this countrs by taking orders for corsets. A flutter has been caused among the ladies by it being reported that *she* was a *man* cleverly disguised for the purpose. It is said that *she* has been arrested for masquerading in this manner by a peace officer, who apprehended *him* and took *her* before a magistrate, where *he* was accused of passing *herself* off on an unsuspecting community as a gentle member of the female persuasion. If *he* could escape, *she* had better keep clear of this town, or *he'll* get every hair of *her* head pulled out by the ladies who patronized *him*, purchased *her* confounded corsets, and helped *him* to earn a subsistence for *her* family. Oh! pshaw? we give it up. Our pronouns have got mixed, but what we mean to say is that *she* deserves to have *his* ears boxed.

The Millheim Journal.

THURSDAY, MAY 13., 1880.

THE MILLHEIM JOURNAL
Is published every Thursday, in Musser's Building, corner of Main and Penn streets at
$1.00 PER ANNUM, IN ADVANCE
Or $1 25 if not paid in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES.

	1 week.	1 mo.	3 mo.	6 mo.	1 year.
1 square,...	$1 00	$2 50	$3 00	$4 00	$7 00
¼ column,..	3 00	4 00	6 00	10 00	15 00
½ column...	5 00	7 50	10 00	15 00	25 00
1 column...	8 00	12 00	20 00	35 00	60 00

One inch makes a square. Administrators and Executors' Notices $2.50. Transient advertisements and locals 10 cents per line for first insertion and 5 cents per line for each additional insertion.
Job Work done on short notice.

DEININGER & BUMILLER,
Editors and Proprietors.

Church & Sunday School Directory.

Evangelical.

Rev. Samuel Smith will preach next Sunday evening—English.

Sunday School, 2 P. M.—D. L. Zerby, supt.

Methodist.

Rev. J. Benson Akers will preach next Sunday evening.

Sunday School, 1 P. M.,—D. Kimport, supt.

Reformed.

Rev. Siegel, the new minister, will preach in Aaronsburg on Sunday morning, and at St. Pauls in the afternoon. German at both places

United Brethren.
Lutheran.

Rev. John Tomlinson, Pastor.—Preaching in Aaronsburg next Sunday evening

United Sunday School, 9 A. M.—F. D. Luse supt.

Lodge & Society Directory.

Millheim Lodge, No. 935, I. O. O. F. meets in their hall, Penn Street, every Saturday evening.
Rebecca Degree Meeting every Thursday on or before the full moon of each month.
A. O. DEININGER, Sec. B. O. DEININGER, N. G

Providence Grange, No. 217 P. of H., meets in Alexander's block on the second Saturday of each month at 2½ P. M., and on the fourth Saturday of each month at 1½ P. M.
D. L. ZERBY, Sec. A. O. Deininger, Master.,

The Millheim B. & L. Association meets in the Penn street school house on the evening of the second Monday of each month.
A. WALTER, Sec. B. O. DEININGER, Prest.

The Millheim Cornet Band meets in the Town Hall on Monday and Thursday evenings.
F. P. OTTO, Sec., J. F. HARTER, Pres't.

Millheim Escort of Co. B., 5th Regt., N. G., hold their drill meeting on the second story of Alexander's Block, every Tuesday and Friday evening.

Offic'al Directory.

Regular Terms of Court—Fourth Mondays of January, April, August and November.

President Judge—Hon. Chas. A. Mayer, Lock Haven.
Additional Law Judge—Hon. John H. Orvis, Bellefonte.
Associate Judges—Hons. Samuel Frank, John Diven.
Prothonotary—J. C. Harper.
Register of Wills and Clerk of O. C.—W. E. Barnhisfield.
Recorder of Deeds, &c.—William A. Tobias.
District Attorney—David F. Fortney.
Sheriff—John Spangler.
Treasurer—Adam Yearick.
County Surveyor—Joseph Devling.
Coroner—Dr. Joseph Adams.
County Commissioners—Andrew Gregg, George Swab, Jacob Dunkle.
Clerk to County Commissioners—Henry Beck.
Attorney to County Commissioners—C. M. Bower.
Janitor of the Court House—Barnim Galbraith.
County Auditors—James T. Stewart, George R. Williams, Thomas B. Jamison.
Jury Commissioners—John Shannon, David W. Kline.
Superintendent of Public Schools—Prof. Henry Meyer.

Centre County Democratic Committee for 1880.

DISTRICTS.	NAMES.	P. O. ADDRESS.
Bellefonte, N. W.,	Wm. Galbraith,	Bellefonte
" S. W.,	W C Heinle,	"
" W W.,	Wm Harper,	"
Milesburg,	Frank E Bible,	Milesburg
Unionville,	P J McDonnell,	Unionville
Howard,	A J Gardner,	Howard
Philipsburg,	C G Herlinger,	Philipsb'g
Millheim,	J H Reifsnyder,	Millheim
Benner,	Uriah Stover,	Bellefonte
Boggs,	Jas A McClain,	Milesburg
Burnside,	Wm Hepple,	Pine Glen
College,	Sam'l Gilliland,	Boalsburg
Curtin,	David Delong,	Howard
Ferguson, O. P.,	Dan Driebelbis,	State Col
" N. P.,	O M Sheets,	Stormston
Gregg,	L M Rishel,	Spring M's
Haines,	George Keister,	Aaronsb'g
Halfmoon,	John Ward,	Stormsto'n
Harris,	Sam'l Ishler,	Boalsburg
Howard,	David Tanyer,	Howard
Huston,	H G Chronister,	Martha
Liberty,	W H Gardner,	Blanchard
Marion,	John Hoy, Jr.,	Walker
Miles,	Sam'l K Faust,	Millheim
Patton,	G W Bumberger,	Fillmore
Penn,	W F Smith,	Millheim
Potter, N. P.,	D F Luse,	Centre Hall
" S. P.,	G W Spangler,	Tusseyv'e
Rush,	William Cullen,	Philipsb'g
Snow Shoe,	John G Uzzle,	Snow Shoe
Spring,	E C Wood,	Bellefonte
Taylor,	Samuel Hoover,	Fowler
Union,	J S Fredericks,	Fleming
Walker,	Samuel Decker,	Zion
Worth,	G R Williams,	P't Matilda

J. L. SPANGLER, Chairman.
FRANK E. BIBLE, Secretary.

STATE TICKET.

SUPREME JUDGE,
GEORGE A. JENKS, Jeffers n Co,

AUDITOR GENERAL,
ROBERT P. DECHERT, Philadelphia.

THE PLATFORM.

The resolutions are as follows:

RESOLVED, FIRST. That the Democratic party of Pennsylvania, in convention assembled, renew our vows of fidelity to the fundamental principles proclaimed and practiced by the illustrious men who settled our free institutions and founded the Democratic party to protect and preserve them.

SECOND. That the just powers of the Federal Union, the rights of the States and the liberties of the people are vital parts of one harmonious system, and to save each part in its whole constitutional vigor is to "save the life of the nation."

THIRD. That the Democratic party maintains, as it ever has maintained, that the military are and ought to be in all things subordinate to the civil authorities. It denies, as it ever has denied, the right of the Federal administration to keep on foot at the general expense a standing army to invade the States for political purposes, without regard to constitutional restrictions, to control the people at the polls, to protect and encourage fraudulent counts of the votes, or to inaugurate candidates rejected by the majority.

FOURTH. That the right to a free ballot is the right preservative of all rights, the only means of peacefully redressing grievances and reforming abuses. The presence at the polls of a regular military force and of a host of hireling officials, claiming the power to arrest and imprison citizens without warrant or hearing, destroys all freedom of elections and upturns the very foundation of self-government. We call upon all good citizens to aid us in preserving our institutions from destruction by these imperial methods of supervising the right of suffrage and coercing the popular will by keeping the way to the ballot box open and free, as it was to our fathers; in removing the army to a safe distance when the people assemble to express their sovereign pleasure at the polls and in securing obedience to their will when legally expressed by their votes.

FIFTH. That Rutherford B. Hayes, having been placed in power against the well-known and legally-expressed will of the people, is the representative of a conspiracy only and his claim of the right to surround the ballot-boxes with troops and deputy marshals to intimidate and obstruct the elections, and his unprecedented use of the veto to maintain this, is an insult and a menace to the country.

SIXTH. That the Democratic party, as of old favors a constitutional currency of gold and silver and of paper convertible into coin.

SEVENTH. That we are opposed to the system of subsidies by the General Government under which, during the period of Republican ascendancy, political rings and corporations profited at the people's expense, and to any appropriations of the public moneys or the public credit to any objects but the public service. The reforms and economies enforced by the Democratic party since its advent to power in Congress have saved to the people many millions of dollars and we believe that a like result would follow its restoration to power in the State of Pennsylvania.

EIGHTH. That the Democratic party, being the natural friend of the workingman and having throughout its history stood between him and oppression, renews its expression of sympathy with labor and its promise of protection to its rights.

NINTH. That we look with alarm and apprehension upon the pretensions of the great transportation companies to be above the fundamental law of this commonwealth, which governs all else within our borders, and until they accept the Constitution of 1876 in good faith they should remain objects of the utmost vigilance and jealousy of both Legislature and people.

TENTH. That the recent attempt, under the personal direction of ruling Republican leaders to debauch the Legislature by wholesale bribery and corruption and to take from the Commonwealth four millions of dollars, for which its liability had never been ascertained, is a fresh and alarming evidence of the aggressiveness of the political ring, and should receive the signal condemnation of the people at the polls.

ELEVENTH. That the great fraud of 1876-77, by which, upon a false count of the electoral votes of three States, the candidate defeated at the polls was seated as President, culminated, for the first time in American history, the will of the people was set aside under a threat of military force, was the most deadly blow ever aimed at our system of Representative government. To preserve the country from the horrors of a civil war the Democratic party submitted for the time in firm and patriotic faith the people would peacefully redress the great wrong and signally rebuke the dark crime when they should come to vote in 1880.

That issue precedes and dwarfs every other. It imposes a more sacred duty upon the people of the Union than ever addressed the consciences of a nation of freemen.

RESOLVED. That, in conformity with the time-honored custom of the Pennsylvania Democracy, and to the end that our good Commonwealth shall not be deprived of her legitimate influence, her delegates to the National Convention are instructed to vote as a unit upon all questions, and they are further instructed to oppose the abrogation of the two-thirds rule.

JUST at this particular time Blaine seems to be going it with a rush. He is without doubt the favorite candidate for President, in the Republican party, and it has much the appearance as if "Blaine of Maine" were the coming man for the Republicans. State conventions have been held last week in New Jersey, Delaware, New Hampshire, Maryland, Tennessee, Wisconsin and Mississippi. Blaine walks away with the entire delegation of all these except the last three. Of these Blaine has seven out of twenty delegates in Wisconsin, five out of fifteen in Mississippi, while Tennessee leaves the country in the dark as to her preference.

He is also likely to receive considerable support from the New York and Pennsylvania delegations, notwithstanding the instructions for Grant and the unit rule. As matters now appear there may a regular stampede from Grant to Blaine, and yet there is no telling who will be the successful man at Chicago. Blaine's strength may prove his weakness.

One of the most urgent demands of our time is a system of education which shall train the young to apply their school learning. At the Pennsylvania State College practical instruction in Agriculture, Horticulture, Botany, Zoology, Mechanist, Chemistry, etc; is given, and thus theory in the class room is applied and enforced by experience in the field and laboratory. Spring session opens April 9th. For catalogue and full information address the Business Manager, State College, Centre Co., Pa. tf.

UNLIKE Pennsylvania the Buckeye Democrats do not mean to fritter away their strength in the Cincinnati convention by *dividing* their delegation among several candidates. They speak out in unmistakable terms, just as our state convention should have done, in favor of the unit rule and their own favorite son, that pure, good man and able statesman—Allen G. Thurman. Here are the resolutions:

RESOLVED, That the Democratic party of Ohio recognize the long service and great ability and steadfast advocacy of constitutional liberty which marks the career of Allen G. Thurman, and confiding in his rectitude and fitness for the Chief Executive of the Republic cordially instruct the delegates-at large this day appointed and request the district delegates chosen by the several districts of the State to present to the National Democratic Convention the name of this tried statesman as our candidate for President of the United States and use all honorable means to secure his nomination.

RESOLVED, That in order that Ohio may have full influence and power in the National Democratic Convention to which her position in the Union entitles her, we hereby instruct the Ohio delegation to that convention to cast the vote of the State as a unit.

RESOLVED, That we recommend the Democratic National Convention to adopt the two-thirds rule in nominating candidates.

The Curtin-Yocum contested election case was finally "reached" on Saturday. We hope it may stay reached until disposed of. There has been so much delay, shifting and postponement that everybody is thoroughly digusted with the whole matter. The committee and congress could long ago have said who in their opinion was elected and entitled to the seat. Let us know the end of the contest right soon.

LATER. Just as we go to press we see by the PATRIOT that the contest was pressed to a vote in the House and decided in favor of Yocum by a vote of 133 to 75. The minority report of the committee, declaring that Yocum was entitled to the seat and Curtin not entitled, was adopted by above vote.

Hon. Amos C. Noyes, of Clinton county, closes his term as Treasurer of the state on the 3rd instant. Col. Noyes was an efficient and faithful public servant and the best wishes of his fellow citizens of all parties will attend him in his retirement.

President Hayes has appointed Post Master General Key to a U. S. Judgeship in Tennessee.

Just at this time "Charley Wolf" as he is familiarly called by all Union county, is about the biggest man in the Republican party; and again just at this particular time the Republican party is sadly in want of an able, *honest*, popular statesman as a candidate for President. *Assemblyman?* pshaw! We know at least a dozen Republicans in Union county fit for Assemblyman. Why there are brothers Schoch or Cornelius—either one would be an ornament to the House at Harrisburg. But Wolfe is entirely too big a man to represent so small a county as Union. There is no proportion no symmetry in the matter. No, it won't do. But start a Wolff boom at once. Compel such small try as Grant, Blaine and Sherman to withdraw, and make his nomination as nearly unanimous as possible. That would go very far in assuring his election. *Rah for Wolf!*

Our Washington Letter.

Washington, May 8th, 1880.

The war of the radical factions is fast approaching a point where it will be difficult to arrive at any unity. The Blaine and Grant men do not scruple to declare openly that they will bolt in case of the defeat of their respective favorite. The race so far is neck and neck, but the feeling against the third term has been growing steadily, and now there is no doubt that even Grant's own state will send a divided delegation. The Grant-men are exasperated and are endeavoring to combine on Washburne, but here they come in conflict with Logan and Conklin, who declare that they will nominate Blaine in preference. Altogether the fight is a lively one, and serious fears are entertained in the minds of the managers that the result will be a serious split, a third ticket and the defeat of the Radical party or at least the throwing of the election into the House.

The great and glorious Civil Service reformer, Carl Shurz, has signified his intention of being present and making a speech at the St. Louis anti-third term convention. Poor Carl is in a bad fix. His only hope is in a dark horse as neither Grant nor Blaine will allow him to cross the threshold of their doors.

On the Democratic side matters are wearing a much improved appearance and it begins to look as if the party will go into the campaign with a united front, and this under good leadership means victory. Randall and Wallace for years have managed to divide the party in Pennsylvania and thus that state has come to be looked upon as a steady stronghold. But this is really not so. The city of Philadelphia nearly always overcomes the Democratic vote outside, and but for this the reins would long since have been in the hands of the Democrats. Under the advice and presure of the leading managers these squibbles have all been laid aside and the Democracy now have more than a fighting chance to carry the state. In the event of Grant's nomination this will become almost a certainty, as the heavy republican counties are bitterly opposed to him and to the third term.

The only thing in the way of Democratic success is the unfortunate division in New York. But those who healed up matters in Pennsylvania have now taken this case in hand and it is whispered that *immediately after* the Radical nomination at Chicago an announcement will be made that will strengthen the hands of the party all over the country and present an assurance of success in November.

JACKSON.

Why Hancock Should be Nominated.

The Hancock association of New Orleans recently issued an address to the peopple, in which fourteen reasons are given why General Hancock should receive the presidetial nomination, a follows:

1. He is a true exponent of democratic theories and democratic principles.
2. He has filled to the fullest measure the duties of a well rounded life, in which are singularly blended the highest type of the American soldier and the splendid exemplification of the civil ruler.
3. He maintains the subserviency of the military to the civil authority.
4. He is personally the most popular man of the nation.
5. His nomination would secure thousands of votes from union soldiers who would support no other democratic candidate.
6. His nomination would harmonize the contending factions in New York.
7. He can carry the state of Pennsylvania.
8. His nomination would create such enthusiasm in the south as to render every state beyond doubt.
9. His character and record are such that in no possible event could he be put upon the defensive.
10. His nomination would antagonize no section of the country nor portion of the democratic party.
11. He better than any man living can allay the passions of civil strife, drive sectionalism out of politics and forever end the "bloody shirt" crusades.
12. His entire life is a desire that he would call none to his counsels but those on whom the country could safely reply.
13. He combines more elements of strength and availability than any other named in connection with the presidency.
14. If elected, he will take his seat.

Mercantile Appraisement.

THE venders of foreign and domestic merchandise, distillers and brewers, brokers, &c., in Centre County, will take notice that they are appraised and classed by the undersigned appraiser of mercantile and other license tax for the year 1880, as follows, to wit:

AARONSBURG.

NAMES.	BUSINESS.	CLASS.	AM'T.
Fiedler & Runkle	merchant	13	10 75
Phillips & Bro	"	13	10 75
Yearick Thomas	Grocer	14	7 75
Musser, M M	Merchant	13	10 75

BELLEFONTE.

Spitzer J H	Bottler of beer	14	7 75
Valentines & Co	Gen. Merchants	4	80 75
M'Farland Wilson & Collar'ware		10	20 75
Hicks, H K	"	10	20 75
Harris, Jas & Co	"	10	20 75
Loeb, S & A	merchants	10	20 75
Green, F P	Druggist	13	10 75
Guggenheimer, I & Co	Merchants	10	20 75
Smith, C	Confectioner	14	7 75
Brew, S A & Son	Grocers	12	12 75
Miller, J C & Co	Book Store	14	7 75
Weaver, H C	Tobieconist	14	7 75
Goodman, H D	Clothier	14	7 75
Stitzer, H Y	Book Store	14	7 75
Sweney, W A	Tobacconist	14	7 75
" "	Billiards		40 75
Mann, J F	Merchant	12	15 25
Harris, John	Druggist	14	7 75
Joseph Bros & Co	Merchant	10	20 75
Lyon & Co	"	9	25 75
Powers & Son	Boots & Shoes	13	10 75
Goldsmith, Stein & Hexter	Clothiers	14	7 75
Wagner, D M	Merchant	10	20 75
Sechler & Co	Grocers	11	15 75
Cruse, A J	Tobacconist	14	7 75
Richards, F C	Jeweler	14	7 75
Blair, Frank P	"	14	7 75
Weaver, W H	Grocer	14	7 75
Gordon & Landis	Machinery	14	7 75
Baney G A	Confectionery	14	7 75
Lindsey, H J	Tobacconist	14	7 75
Brachbill, John	Furniture	14	7 75
Hoffer, John	Merchant	13	10 75
Graham & Son	Boots & Shoes	14	7 75
Graham & Co	Boots & Shoes	14	7 75
Thomas, G W	Grocer	14	7 75
Criter, P. R & Son	Lumber	13	10 75
Wilkison, W H	Sample Dealer	13	10 75
Zeller, J & Son	Druggists	13	10 75
Beezer, Ferdinand	W. Distiller	13	25 75
Haas, Louis,	Brewer	13	25 75
Brown, Lawrence L	Grain & Coal	11	15 75
Alexander & Co	"	10	20 75
Lamb & Callaway	Paints	14	7 75
Sonrbeck, John	Fish & Fruit	14	7 75
Barnside, Thomas	Sample Agent	14	7 75
Wilson, I F	Confectioner	14	7 75
Doll, Louis	Boots & Shoes	14	7 75
Montgomery & Co	Merchant T	14	7 75
Yenger & Downing	Tobacconists	14	7 75
Bunnell & Aikens	S. Machines	14	7 75
Schreyer, William	Furniture	14	7 75
Cedar, Joseph	Confectionery	14	7 75
Strickland, Cyrus	Grocer	14	7 75
Blackford, George	Tobacconist	14	7 75
Meese, John	Grocer	14	7 75
Sands, J H	Confectionery	14	7 75
Singer S. Machine Co	S. Machines	14	7 75
Kirk, F I	Druggist	14	7 75
Twitmyre, Wilbur	Stoves & Tinware	14	7 75
Somerville, James L	Merchant	14	7 75
Sturdevant, E M	Lumber	13	10 75
Harper Bros	Merchants	10	20 75

BLANCHARD.

Kunes, J J	merchant	8	10 75
Singer, W M & Co	"	13	10 75
Fowler, John T	"	14	7 75

BOALSBURG.

Jack, Geo R	Merchant	14	7 75
Stewart, J W	Druggist	14	7 75
Stover, S H	Merchant	14	7 75
Dinges, J N	Hardware	14	7 75

CENTRE HALL.

Dinges, C	Confectionery	14	7 75
Deininger, J O	Hardware	14	7 75
Murray, J D	Druggist	14	7 75
Wolf, William	merchant	12	13 25
Boal, William	"	14	7 75

CENTRE HILL.

Kerlin, A S	Merchant	14	7 75
Strohm, Michael	"	14	7 75

COBURN.

Grenninger & Son	merchants	14	7 75
Smith & Co	Grain & Coal	11	15 75
Stover, G W	Distiller	13	25 75

FILLMORE.

McIntire, L B	Merchant	14	7 75

FOWLER.

Fowler, J T	merchant	14	7 75

HALF MOON.

Gray, W S & Son	Merchants	13	10 75
Griffin, J H	Grocer	14	7 75

HOWARD.

Cook, Robert	Merchant	14	7 75
Lucas & Bro	"	14	7 75
Lauth, Bernard	"	10	20 75
Moore, H A	Druggist	14	7 75
Robb, William	merchant	11	7 75
Weber and Co	"	13	10 75
Antes, J B	"	14	7 75

HOUSERVILLE.

Houser, I M and Co	Merchants	14	7 75

HUBLERSBURG.

Brown, Henry	Merchant	13	10 75
Goodhart, S B	"	13	10 75

JULIAN.

Hoover, J C	Merchant	14	7 75
Irvin, Daniel	"	14	7 75

LEMONT.

Thompson, J I jr	Merchant	13	10 75
Taylor, D F	"	14	7 75

LINDEN HALL.

Hess, Daniel and Son	merchants	13	10 75
Stam, J W	"	14	7 75

LOVEVILLE.

Love, James and Son	Merchants	14	7 75

MADISONBERG.

Ocker, Andrew	Merchant	13	10 75

MILESBURG.

Else, C H and Bro	Druggist	14	7 75
Boggs, A J	Grocer	14	7 75
Hilber, John	merchant	14	7 75
Miles, Wand Sons	"	14	7 75
McClain, A M	"	13	10 75
McCoy and Linn	"	10	20 75

MILLHEIM.

Musser & Smith	Hardware	13	10 75
Campbell, E C	Merchant	14	7 75
Eisenhuth, J	Druggist	14	7 75
Foote, J D	Merchant	14	7 75
Gephart & Musser	Coal salt & plaster	14	7 75
Lamy M	Whiskey mch'nt	13	25 75
Snook, J W	Mch'nt & liquor	13	20 75
Stem J W	Merchant	14	7 75
Tomlinson, H H	Grocer	14	7 75
Kreamer Jonathan	Distiller	13	25 75

NITTANY HALL.

Beck & Martin	Merchant	14	7 75

PENN HALL.

Fisher, J B	merchant	11	15 75

PLEASANT GAP.

Eckenroth Henry	Merchant	14	7 75
Haag G	Whiskey Distiller	13	25 75
Crownover & Son	Merchant	14	7 75

PHILIPSBURG

Ayers, Dr	Merchant	14	7 75
Fleck S K	Merchhnt	14	7 75
Flagle G S	Hardware	14	7 75
Gray M G	merchant	13	10 75
Gray I W	merchant	9	25 75
Gunoe J A	Confectionary	14	7 75
Hirlinger C G	Clothier	13	10 75
Hale, J M & Co	Hardware	11	15 75
Hoover Hugh & Co	merchants	10	20 75
Kessler & Huffington	merchants	10	20 75
Jones, Mull & Co	Hardware	13	10 75
McKinney, R D	Druggist	14	7 75
Meyers, T J	Grocer	14	7 75
Nutall John & Co	Merchant	11	15 75
Pierce J H	Merchant	11	15 75
Ryman E A	Grocer	14	7 75
Switzer L & R	Books & Station'y	14	7 75
Strause Lehman & Co	Merchants	10	20 75
Schoonover J N	Boots and Shoes	14	7 75
Haworth John	Confectionery	14	7 75
Mull R F	Druggist	14	7 75
Jones Alfred	Hardware	13	10 75
Grey, I V	Merchant	14	7 75
Fleming O S	Station'y & Conf.	14	7 75

PINE GLEN.

Boak G R	Merchant	14	7 75

PINE GROVE MILLS.

Sample J C and Co	Merchants	13	10 75
Snyder M D	Merchant	14	7 75
Smith J R Jr	Drug. and Gro.	14	7 75

PORT MATILDA.

Hoover and Reese	Merchants	14	7 7
Smith A J	Merchant	14	7 75

POTTERS MILLS.

Thompson and Smith	Merchants	14	7 75
Strong Samuel	Merchant	14	7 75

RUBERSBURG.

Frank S and Son	Merchants	14	7 75
Stover W F	Merchant	14	7 75
Brungart J R	"	14	7 75

ROCK SPRINGS.

Ewing A G and Co	Merchants	13	10 75

ROLAND.

Curtin and Co	merchants	11	15 75

SANDY RIDGE.

Jackson W L	merchant	12	13 25
Miller W R	"	12	13 25

SNOW SHOE.

Somerville Krider & Co	merchants	10	20 75
Boak G R and Co	"	12	13 75
Williams Herbert	Grocer	14	7 75

SPING MILLS.

Grenoble I J	merchant	13	10 75
Krumrine and Son	coal and grain	13	10 75
Duncan and Son	merchants	14	7 75
Long J D	coal and grain	14	7 75

STATE COLLEGE.

Stuart J W	Grocer	14	7 75
Hamill and Thompson	merchants	13	10 75

TUSSEYVILLE.

Swartz S M	merchant	14	7 75

UNIONVILRE.

Greist A J and T E	merchants	11	15 75
Leathers B F and Son	"	12	13 25
Cleaver Jese	"	14	7 75

WALKER.

Yearick and Son	merchants	14	7 75

WOODWARD.

Speigelmyer G R	Jeerchant	13	10 75
Snook and Fees	Distillers	13	25 75

WOLFS STORE.

Emerick J S	merchant	14	7 75

ZION.

Solt David	merchant	14	7 75

Take notice, all who are concerned in the above appraisement, that an appeal will be held in the Commissioners office, in Bellefonte, on Friday, the 21st day of May, 1880, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M., when and where you can attend of you think proper.

NELSON A. LUCAS.
Bellefonte, Apr. 22, '80. Appraiser.

APPLICANTS FOR TAVERN LICENSE.

NAMES.	POST OFFICE.	CLASS.	AM'T.
Brown, Edward	B. Hefonte	5	50 75
Faulkner, C A	Philipsburg	5	50 75
Garman, Daniel	Bellefonte	5	50 75
Haag, Gottlieb	Pleasant Gap	5	50 75
Bush, D G	Bellefonte	5	50 75
Teller, W R	"	5	50 75
Kreamer, Jonathan	Millheim	5	50 75
Musser, W S	"	5	50 75
Kubns, Samuel	Blanchard	5	50 75
Kline, Joel jr.	Walker	5	50 75
Kohlbecker, Alois A	Miesburg	5	50 75
Lloyd, Robert	Philipsburg	5	50 75
Ramsdale, John	"	5	50 75
Passmore, James	"	5	50 75
Taylor, Robert	"	5	50 75
Miller, George	Spring Mills	5	50 75
Uzzle, John G	Snow Shoe	5	50 75
Stoffy, Shadrack	Fine Grove	5	50 75
Stover, P H	Coburn	5	50 75
Shafer, Reuben V	Howard	5	50 75
Robb, Henry	Nittany Hall	5	50 75
Ruhl, David H	Potters Mills	5	50 75
Odenkirk, J H	Centre Hall	5	50 75
Meyer, D J	"	5	50 75
Hayes, Jeffrey	Philipsburg	5	50 75
Delong, J L	Banchard	5	50 75

APPLICANTS FOR SALOON LICENSE.

Matley, James	Philipsburg	5	20 75
Webber, Peter	"	5	20 75
Anders n, John	Bellefonte	5	20 75
Blackford, Geo	"	5	20 75
Smith, Fredk	"	5	20 75
Yeager, Henry C	"	5	20 75
Witherite, Harvey	Snow Shoe	5	20 75

I do certify that the above is a correct list of all applicants for tavern and saloon license and appraised by the undersigned in Centre county up to date.

NELSON A. LUCAS,
Bellefonte, Appraiser.
April 22nd, 1880.

PATENTS !

NO CHARGE UNLESS SUCCESSFUL.

INVENTORS AND PATENTEES
SEND STAMP FOR OUR
PAMPHLET & INFORMATION.
Address:
HOWARD & CO.,
WASHINGTON, D. C.

THUNDER,

Lightning, Wind and Rain, you will NEVER HAVE SUCH A CHANCE AGAIN. We have the best large Size, Improved RUBBER ROLL Clothes Wringer in the World, selling at LESS THAN HALF PRICE. Good references guaranteed. Everybody "red hot" to get one! No competition; The best chance of your life to MAKE MONEY. Samples, $2.50. Circulars and full particulars free. AGENTS WILLING TO BE CONVINCED. Address, PARAGON WRINGER CO., New Bedford, Mass. 12-6m

PENSIONS

obtained for disabled soldiers, from date of discharge, if application is filed before July 1st, 1880. Pensions increased. Send postage for new laws blanks and instructions. Address,
W. C. BERINGER & CO.,
Pittsburgh, Pa., or Washington, D. C.
☞Oldest Claim Agency in the United States. 12-2m

PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Div.

WINTER TIME TABLE.

On and after SUNDAY, Nov. 9th, 1879, the trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Railroad Division will run as follows:

WESTWARD.

ERIE MAIL leaves	Philadelphia	11 55 p. m.
" "	Harrisburg	4 25 a. m.
" "	Williamsport	8 55 a. m.
" "	Jersey Shore	9 07 a. m.
" "	Lock Haven	9 40 a. m.
" "	Renovo	11 00 a. m.
" arr. at	Erie	7 55 p. m.
NIAGARA EXP. leaves	Philadelphia	8 00 a. m.
" "	Harrisburg	11 25 a. m.
" arr. at	Williamsport	2 25 p. m.
" "	Lock Haven	3 50 p. m.
FAST LINE leaves	Philadelphia	11 50 a. m.
" "	Harrisburg	3 35 p. m.
" arr. at	Williamsport	7 15 p. m.
" "	Lock Haven	8 40 p. m.

EASTWARD.

PACIFIC EXP. leaves	Lock Haven	7 00 a. m
" "	Jersey Shore	7 33 a. m.
" "	Williamsport	8 15 a. m.
" arr. at	Harrisburg	12 05 a. m.
" "	Philadelphia	3 40 p. m.
DAY EXPRESS leaves	Lock Haven	11 20 a, m.
" "	Williamsport	12 10 p. m.
" arr. at	Harrisburg	4 10 p. m.
" "	Philadelphia	7 20 p. m.
ERIE MAIL leaves	Renovo	8 40 p. m.
" "	Lock Haven	9 50 p. m.
" "	Williamsport	11 10 p. m.
" arr. at	Harrisburg	2 45 a. m.
" "	Philadelphia	7 00 a. m.
FAST LINE leaves	Williamsport	12 35 a. m.
" arr. at	Harrisburg	3 50 a. m.
" "	Philadelphia	7 40 a. m.

Erie Mail West and Day Express East make close connections at Northumberland with L. & B. R. R. trains from Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

Erie Mail West, Niagara Express West and Fast Line West make close connection at Williamsport with N. C. R. W. trains north.

Niagara Express West and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with B. E. V. R. R. trains.

Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. R. R.; at Corry with O. C. & A. V. R. R.; at Emporium with B. N. Y. & P. R. R., and at Driftwood with A. V. R. R.

Parlor cars will run between Philadelphia and Williamsport on Niagara Express West and Day Express East. Sleeping cars on all night trains.

WM. A. BALDWIN, General Sup't.

L. C. & S. C. RAIL ROAD.

WESTWARD.	1.	3.	5.
LEAVE	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Montandon	7 00	2 00	6 20
Lewisburg Arrive	7 15	2 10	6 35
Lewisburg Leave	7 15	2 20	
Fair Ground	7 20	2 30	
Biehl	7 30	2 40	
Vicksburg	7 35	2 48	
Mifflinburg Arrive	7 50	3 05	
Mifflinburg Leave	7 50	3 15	
Millmont	8 10	3 35	
Laurelton	8 20	3 50	
Coburn	9 30		
Arrive at Spring Mills	10 00		

| EAS

The Millheim Journal.

THURSDAY, MAY 13., 1880

DEININGER & BUMILLER,
Editors and Proprietors.

Local Department.

Sunday School Reward Cards Tickets,&c. at John C. Miller & Co, Bookstore, Bellefonte.

—A Sunday School convention will be held at Clintondale, Clinton county, Thursday, May 27th.

—HEADQUARTERS for Books and Stationary, at the Model Book Store of John C. Miller & Co. Bellefonte, Pa.

—FINE lot of Spring and Summer Hats just received at Lewins, Philadelphia Branch.

—West Susquehanna Classis of the Reformed Church will meet at Rebersburg, Wednesday, May 19th, proximo.

—The Central Manufacturing Company of Lewisburg shipped 154 Reapers in April. That sounds like business.

—LEWINS, Philadelphia Branch store is the boss blace in the county for good and cheap clothing.

New Books,
New Books,
New Books,

Just received at the Journal Book Store, the full sett of school books now in use.

—Lock Haven applies for seventeen hotel licenses and four liquor stores. That ought to be enough to quench the thirst of the young city.

JOHN C. MILLER & Co. of Bellefonte, have the finest assortment of Wall Paper ever brought to Centre County. 4t.

—The sudden change from cold to warm is dangerous to the constitution, and we begin to notice here and there eviden s igns of Spring fever.

—A splendid private residence with the good will of a medical practice for sale. For particulars apply at this office. tf.

—It does trees no good but much harm to be whitewashed, says an exchange. We always thought so and now feel more certain about it.

—The JOURNAL BOOK STORE sell all the school books recently adopted by the school boards of Millheim Boro', Penn, Haines, Miles and Gregg townships.

—RUMOR has it that a new Evangelical church is to be built this summer at Coburn. Guess they will soon need a school house too in the thriving young town.

—Chromos, Brackets, Wall Pockets, Picture Frames, Toilet Setts, Fancy China Ware and Velvet Frames, all in endless variety at John C. Miller & Co, Bellefonte, Pa.

—Hon. George B. Roberts succeeds Mr. Scott to the Presidency of the Pennsylvania Rail Road Company. He is considered fully competent for the place.

—Mr. Samuel Weiser, one of our oldest citizens is in failing health. He is confined to the house and much of his time to bed.

LEWIN, at the Branch Store wants it distinctly understood, that he can sell just as cheap, and probably a trifle cheaper, than any other establishment in a radius of fifty miles.

—Neighbor F. P. Musser is now engaged in grading around about the house preparatory to building a fence. Hope Pierce will build such a fence as Strasburg need not be ashamed of.

—Some of the wheat fields in this neighborhood look exceedingly well, while others are some what spotted. Upon the whole the prospect is decidedly good.

—READING is just prepairing for the session of the Grand Lodge, I. O. O. F., which meets there on the 18th, and is to continue a week. A thousand delegates are expected to be present.

—If you desire to mark the last resting place of a dear departed friend with a tombstone, couch or monument, the Millheim Marble Works is your place to go to. You can buy as low here as you can in Philadeldhia.

—Judge Allison, of Howard, is around and about here buying up old stray shares of the stock of the Bald Eagle, Nittany, Brush and Penns Valley Turnpike Road company. Whew, what a name!

COMMENDABLE.—The School Board of Hartley Twp, Union Co., has purchased a copy of Webster's Unabridged Dictionary, new edition, with supplement, for the use of each school in the district.

—Ex-Sheriff Musser has taken an agency for the *Southern Pennsylvania Mutual Relief Association*, a company operated much upon the plan of the U. B. Aid Society. We know nothing of our own personal knowledge of this company, but the sheriff assures us that it is one of the solid institutions of the land. He is ready to impart any desired information to those who wish a cheap and safe life insurance.

CAUTION!

All persons are hereby cautioned not to buy a note drawn by me in favor of Thomas Harper, and held for collection by Solomon Ettlinger. as I will not pay the same unless compelled by law, having an offset against said note for almost twice its amount.

JACOB NEIDIGH.

Woodward, Pa., Apl. 23d, 1880.

—The masons are now engaged on the wall of Mr. Harvey Confer's house. "*Mort*"!

—Read Lewin's re-adjusted advertisement. As an enterprising advertiser and consequent successful business man he is up to any of 'em.

—By the confession of a criminal at Williamsport, the existence of a band of horse thieves to the number of thirty nine in that and anjoining counties is developed.

—The weather is very warm, the earth rather dry and the sreets extremely dusty. Hope a good rain will come speedily.

P. S. Yes-within an hour after writing aboye we had a right smart shower.

—Neighbor Foote, seems to be improving steadily and surely. The use of crutches was at first very awkward for him, but he is beginning to propel himself with more ease and safety. His friends rejoice at his speedy recovery.

—Says the Mifflinburg *Telegraph*: On Wednesday last the first car load of iron ore passed over the Lewisburg & Tyrone Railroad—shipped by Messrs. Smith, Blair & Co. and consigned to Grove Bros., of Danville, Pa. Hope a great many more loads will follow.

—Charlie Sturgis, our genial and obliging jeweller, showed us a very ingenious device of a watch Key, the other day. It is an oval shaped plate, works on a hinge like a diminutive lid and can be attached to any watch. Get one and do away with the key as a separate piece of personal property.

—GETTING too warm for you in that heavy suit, eh? Well, better go at once to the Philadelphia Branch Store Bellefonte, Samuel Lewin agent, and get yourself a suit *suitable* for the season. You might travel many a day without such a good place for clothing.

CORNER STONE LAYING— The corner stone for a new Evangelical church will be laid in Sugar Valley, three miles east of Logansville, on Sunday next, May 15th. Ministers and friends from a distance are cordially invited to attend.

D. P. KLINE
Preacher-in-charge.

—Mr. Allison H. Miller left on Monday morning for Illinois and perhaps other western parts. Allison goes to see the country with a view to removing thither. Sorry to lose him but wish him all possible success.

Mr. James B. Musser also departed for the same state in company with Mr. Miller.

—The JOURNAL now has good local correspondents at Rebersburg, Aaronsburg, Spring Mills and Bellefonte. Their letters this week are especially good. The items are short, pointed, some of them sparkling with wit and all very readable. We feel proud of our correspondents. If we "can not write anything fit for a man of culture to read," our correspondents—any one of them can. That's a mackerel fact.

THE Harrisburg PATRIOT in its new suit of type is one of the neatest dailies published in the state. But its external appearance is not even its chief merit. It brings the earliest news in reliable form, while its editorial department is replete with sound Democratic doctrine. The party has reason to feel proud of its central organ.

DECORATION DAY, May 30th, inst., occuring on Sunday, Saturday the 29th has by common consent been substituted instead and will be very generally celebrated throughout the country.

—A queer quisical sort of a fellow at our elbow would like to know all about the new trustees of the Millheim Cemetery—their names and post office addresses—what sort of looking chaps they are—their early history—education—politics—standing in society—whether there is business in them—and finally—"What are they going to do about it?"

We considered the fellow very impertinent and came within a hair's breadth of slapping him, but bethunk our self just in time that suchan operation is clearly unconstitutional. Just to get rid of the troublesome customer we referred him to Messrs. Henry M. Swartz, E. C. Campbell and A. O. Deininger, three of our citizens who are fully able to give the desired information.

—West Susquehanna Classis of the Reformed Church will meet in annual session in the Reformed Church at Rebersburg, Wednesday, May 19th, at 7½ P. M.

The opening sermon will be preached by Rev. W. W. Clouser, of White Deer, the President of Classis.

On Thursday forenoon the organization will be completed, and the remainder of the day will be taken up by the reading of the Parochial reports by the different ministers present. In the evening of the same day there will be divine service.

On Friday evening the annual classical Sunday School service will take place. Several Sunday School topics will be discussed by the members of classis.

On Saturday afternoon preparatory services will be held, and in the evening a missionary service.

On Sunday at 9½ A. M. communion; at 2½ P. M. addresses to the Sunday School, and divine service in the evening.

* * *

AARONSBURG CRUMBS.

No one can complain of the cold during the last week, so the habitual grumblers have taken to complain of the heat.

Mr. Wilse Burds buried a little girl, last Saturday. It had been a great sufferer, for a long time, and it was a happy release, though none the less sad, on that account, to the bereaved parents.

Miss Sarah Kline had the misfortune to lose her voice. She can still *whisper* more pleasant things than many people who can talk aloud succeed in saying.

The mountains south east of town are burning and the scene, at night is a grand view. Likely those living very near, however, fail to appreciate its beauty.

Those who have been waiting to hear Rev. J. Benson Akers, were on last Sabbath rewarded for their patience, by hearing a very excellent sermon.

Dr. J. Jordan Deshler was to Paradise, a few weeks ago. That is the place to go, to see the angels.

Mr. J. C. Meyer has returned from College, to spend the Summer vacation.

Our Sabbath schools both elected new officers. The Lutheran is to be superintended by Mr. L. D. Kurtz, and the Reformed by Prof. W. L. Meyer.

Miss Kate Shafer either took a sudden notion to slip into the matrimonial noose, or she allowed the knowledge of her intention to break very suddenly upon the people. She became Mrs. Hoy of Madisonburg and went at once to the new home. Many good wishes attend her. Now Henry you are expected to move. "What are you going to do about it?"

Rev. Sigel and family are expected this week.

Mr. Frank Phillips was down attending to the store, during the absence of his brother Henry in the city.

Most persons are nearly through corn planting. Grain looks promising but grass is greatly in need of rain and not growing much.

Fruit trees all blossomed abundantly, and the prospect is that there will be plenty of fruit.

Miss Victoria Stambaugh has received a nice lot of goods.

Mrs. Tomlinson is quite out of style. Every one else got through with colds, this winter; but she has just been entertaining one now.

The funeral of Mr. Henry G. Smith, in the Reformed graveyard, on Tuesday, was very largely attended. Hope he may have found his eternal rest.

X, Y.

SPRING MILLS ITEMS.

The Farmer's Mills Brass Band gave some of our citizens a serenade the other evening. Messrs. Runk, Miller Krumrine and Grenoble came in for the compliments of the band. Come again, gentlemen.

W. H. Bartholomew is making some progress towards building this summer yet. Who will follow suit?

The *Star Literary Society* gave a public entertainment on Friday evening to a crowded house. The exercises were very highly spoken of by the audience.

Mr. L. K. Runkle, one of our live teachers, at present attends the Normal school at Lock Haven.

The finest collection of French Geraniums can be seen at Bartholomews, near the tannery.

The steam saw mill near McCool's, recently burnt down, will be re-built next week on a larger scale than the former one. J. Catherman is the manager.

W. B. Bitner, good fellow and huckster says he handles 2000 dozen eggs weekly.

On Monday, as David Burrell was dressing stone with a very large hammer the hammer flew off the handle knocking down a fellow workman. Happily the result was not serious.

Georges Valley Sunday School seems to lead off this spring as far as numbers are concerned. They have an average attendance of 97. Very good indeed for a country school. Hope the example will be largely imitated.

YONEY.

NEWS FROM BRUSH.

Rev. Landis is on the sick list.

Our gentlemanly landlord J. E. Roush is doing a thriving business just now.

Mother earth is *booming now*-she undoubtedly responds to the bible injunction "Be perfect".

No new buildings will be erected in Rebersburg this season, but a number of old ones are undergoing repairs.

Look out for new goods and cheap prices. Several of our Merchants are in Philadelphia this week.

Dr. Kirk, of Bellefonte, was here a few days ago, and seemed to enjoy himself hugely among many friends. He will come again and—well, we must not tell the tale.

The steamer in our tannery is creating no little sensation—scores of people flock there daily to see the *wonderful thing*.

Mrs. Thos. Wolf and Miss Maggie Walker have left for Illinois, to visit their friends. They intend to return in a few months.

Our mountains have been burning furiously the last few days. The scene presented during the night was indeed more sublime than desirable.

Quis?

—Mr. Teller, the gentlemanly proprietor of the Brokerhoff House, Bellefonte, Pa., presents his customers each with a beautiful maroon colored satin finished lead pencil with the "compliments" of the House stamped thereon in gilt letters. That's what we call a novel and it must be a successful way of advertising the popular hotel. It is certainly a thoughtful and seasonable present for a poor country editor.

BELLEFONTE ITEMS.

Mr. Richard Willis of New York has taken charge and will hereafter act as leader of the Mountain City Band. Mr. Willis comes well recommended, is a fine cornetist, and possesses the enthusiasm requisite for success in his undertaking.

Decoration Day will be appropriately celebrated in this place. Ample preparations are being made for a grand strewing. The Gregg Post G. A. R. will be out in full uniform. An oration will be delivered by Joe Parker, Esq., of Lewistown.

Court week brought quite a number of gentlemen from our sister counties to our county seat. Among them, Judges Linn of Williamsport and Barrett of Clearfield, D. L. Krebbs, Esq., Clearfield, T. C. Hipple, Esq., Lock Haven, J. N. Cassanova, Philipsburg.

A slight blaze occurred on Water street on Sunday afternoon about 5 o'clock. A story and a half frame dwelling occupied by Geo. Whippo and his family took fire and before the alarm could be given and assistance lent the roof was all aflame. But once the Logan Company did get there they did solid work and saved the building from total destruction. The loss may amount to between two and three hundred dollars. The family were out of town when the fire took place and on their return were grieved to see their home in ruins.

The S. S. Convention comprising the townships of Union, Boggs, Huston and Worth, and the boroughs of Milesburg and Unionville was held at the latter place on Wednesday, May 5th. Mr. Austin Curtin, President of the Centre Co. S. S. A. was in attendance and much of the success of the convention is owing to his efforts. Quite a number of clergy and S. S. friends were present and took part in exercises.

MARRIED.

On the 27th ult, at the residence of the bride, in Freeburg, Snyder county, by the Rev. J. F. Wampole, Mr. Henry Krumrine of Spring Mills, and Miss Kate Erlenmeyer, of Freeburg.

DIED.

On the 8th inst., near Millheim, after a long illness Henry G. Smith, aged 47 years, 6 months and 9 days.

On Tuesday the deceased was entered in the Reformed cemetry at Aaronsburg, at which occasion a very large number of relatives, neighbors and friends were present. Rev. Samuel Smith of the Evangelical Association, a schoolmate and life long friend of the deceased, conducted the funeral seraices and preached the sermon.

Thus has another of our prominent citizens a neighbor, friend, husband and father, gone into the Eternal World. May he rest in peace. Our time, reader, is coming too.

Millheim Market.

Corrected every Wednesday by Gephart & Musser.

Wheat No. 1	1.10
Wheat No. 2	1.00
Corn	45
Rye	60
Oats White	33
Oats, Black	30
Buckwheat	50
Flour	6.00
Bran & Shorts, per ton	20.00
Salt, per Brl	2.00
Plaster, ground	10.00
Cement, per Bushel	45 to 50
Barley	50
Tymothyseed	
Flaxseed	
Cloverseed	5.00
Butter	18
Hams	10
Sides	7
Veal	
Pork	
Beef	
Eggs	10
Potatoes	6
Lard	
Tallow	5
Soap	
Dried Apples	
Dried Peaches	
Dried Cherries	

COAL MARKET.

Egg Coal	$5.60
Stove "	5.75
Chestnut "	5.40
Pea "	

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SPRING OPENING!!

Just received a Full Spring Stock of MILLINERY GOODS consisting of

Bonnets, Round Hats,
French Flowers,
Feathers, Ribbon andall kinds of Fancy Goods,
AT
Mrs. Anna M. Weaver's.

Dress Making a Speciality!

She invites her many friends and customers to call at her place of business on PENN STREET, MILLHEIM, PA.

IRVIN HOUSE,
(Most Central Hotel in the City,)
COR. MAIN AND JAY ST.,
Lock Haven, Pa.,
S. WOODS CALDWELL, PROPRIETOR

Good Sample Rooms for Commercial Travelers on first floor. tf

1880. BEE HIVE! 1880

To my Friends in Penns and Brush Valleys!

THE LARGEST

DRY GOODS HOUSE

IN CENTRAL PENNSYLVANIA IS THE GREAT

BEE HIVE

BEE HIVE!

Store of Lock Haven.

Which is now Opening the Third Stock for the Spring of 1880,

which is simply Immense in all its Departments.

30,000 Yards Bleached and Unbleached Muslins,

CALICOS AND SHIRTINGS

A large stock of 10-4, 9-4, 6-4, 5-4 UTICA BLEACHED and UNBLEACHED SHEETINGS and PILLOW CASINGS, 3000 Yards Good Calico, Fast Colors. Beautiful Styles, 6 Cents a Yard.

The Largest Stock of TABLE LINENS ever shown in this City at old prices. 500 TOWELS at 25 Cents, worth 40 Cents. 35 dozen 3-4 Bleached all LINEN NAPKINS at $2.65, worth $3.40. 18 inch TWILLED HEAVY TOWELING, 18

1000 Yards of Summer Pantings,

Bought early in January, since which time they have advanced 20 per cent, but will be sold at old prices of a year ago.

2,000 Yards All-Wool Cassimeres,

FANCY CHEVIOT SUITINGS,

French Diagonals and Shirtings, 1,000 Yards Black all wool Cashmeres,

Cheaper than ever. 2000 yards Beautiful Spring Cashmeres at 15 cents, worth 20. French Momie Cloths, Full Line of French all wool Buntings in Plain and Lace Goods. Silk Grenadines, French Organdie and Linen Lawns, nice patterns.

500 YARDS BEAUTIFUL SUMMER SILKS,

At 50, 55 and 60 cents a yard. The Largest, Handsomest, Cheapest lot of Plain and Brocade, Black and Colored Silks ever shown. Large lot of Ladies' Coats at Half Price. The handsomest Stock of

BRUSSELS AND INGRAIN CARPETS

In this section of the State. Large lot of Window Shading and Fixtures. 1,500 lbs. Cotton and Wool Carpet Chain.

CITIZENS of Penns and Brush Valleys should avail themselves of the advantages we are now offering, by buying their goods early at the BEE HIVE. Thanking my Patrons for their liberal patronage in 1878, we hope by continuing to keep only first-class goods, with a full assortment of all the Novelties of the Season; by representing goods on MERIT ONLY, and selling at LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES to *merit even a much larger share of the patronage in 1880*, as we have decided advantages over every competitor on account of the immense quantities we buy. SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS to Large Buyers and trade from a distance. ORDERS BY MAIL WILL RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION. REMEMBER THE PLACE.

The Great Bee Hive Dry Goods House,

LOCK HAVEN, PA.

J. J. EVERETT, Proprietor.

WANTED.—50,000 pounds of Wool in exchange or for cash at the Bee Hive Store.

SECOND ARRIVAL OF SPRING CLOTHING

AT THE

PHILADELPHIA BRANCH

Allegheny Street, Opposite Reynold's Opera House.

"Hello, neighbor! Will you be good enough to hold my horse a few minutes and inform me where that cheap store is the people talk so much about?"

"Oh, yes, with pleasure. The Philadelphia Branch, you mean?"

"Yes, that is the name. It sounds down the valleys and up the plains."

"Do you see away down that street yonder, where that great crowd of people is congregated?"

"Yes, sir."

"Well, that is the place. It is unnecessary for me to enumerate their goods; they have them. Only go ahead, you will not be disappointed, either in quality or price. You will find everything you want, in their line, and very accommodating men to wait on you, and show you goods, whether you buy or not. Be particular in going through to make your selections, as you might be detained in getting the second opportunity. They will adhere strictly to their motto: "One Price" and no overcharge to catch the customer, and all goods marked in plain figures. So you can see for yourself. Go ahead, neighbor; you cannot be disappointed in buying clothing there and such other goods as they keep. So good-by neighbor, I must be jogging along."

"Say, hold on! I will not detain you long. As you have been there and priced their goods, be kind enough to tell me their prices?"

"Oh, with pleasure; then you will wonder how they sell so cheap."

P. GEPHART D. A. MUSSER

GEPHART & MUSSER

DEALERS IN

Grain, Cloverseed, Flour & Feed, Coal, Plaster & Salt

MILLHEIM, PA

Highest market price paid for all kinds of

GRAIN

Delivered either at the BRICK MILL or at the old MUSSER MILL, in MILLHEIM.

COAL, PLASTER & SALT

Always on hand and sold at prices that defy competition.

A share of the public patronage respectfully solicited. 39-1y

THIS PAPER may be found on file at GEO. P. ROWELL & Co's Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce Street), where advertising contracts may be made for it in NEW YORK.

ELIAS LOSE,

CARPENTER and Builder.

Doors, Shutters, Sash, Window Frames, and Mouldings, made to order on short notice and in the best possible manner

Yellow Pine Flooring constantly kept on hand. With thanks for past favors he solicits a continuence of the same

MILLHEIM, PA.

CENTRE COUNTY FARMERS' HOME,

THE BUSH HOUSE,

Prices to Suit the Times.

Improved Stabling and careful Hostlers. Low special rates to Jurymen and Witnesses. Cleanliness, comfort unexcelled.

NO DISCRIMINATION.

against the Producers, than whom none are more worthy, or more entitled to attention. The Bush House having over three times the capacity of other hotels, there is no occasion or disposition to place the guests in attic rooms. This accounts for its growing Local Trade. We do not trust your horses to the care and profit of parties disconnected with the hotel.

J. H. MYERS,
Proprietor.

51-6 tf.

DAV. I. BROWN,

Manufacturer and Dealer in

TINWARE, STOVEPIPE AND TRIMMINGS, SPOUTING & FRUIT CANS

Would respectfully inform the public that he keeps on hand or makes to order all kinds of TINWARE, STOVE-FIXTURES, FRUIT CANS, etc.

SPOUTING A SPECIALITY.

Fruit cans always on hand. Repairing done at short notice. Having some ten years experience in the business he flatters him self that his work is fully equal to any in this section of the country. A share of the public patronage is respectfully solicited. Shop, next door to Journal Book Store, Millheim, Pa.

BROCKERHOFF HOUSE.

BELLEFONTE, PA

First Class in all respects.

CENTRALLY LOCATED.

Just the place for the business man, the farmer, the mechanic.

Omnibus to all trains.

W. R. TELLER, Proprietor.

PATENTS

and how to obtain them. Pamphlet free, upon receipt of Stamp for postage. Address—

GILMORE, SMITH & CO.
Solicitors of Patents,
Near Patent Office, Washington, D. C.

Kincsem.

From the earliest period of racing history no animal that ever trod the turf has achieved such a record as that of the Hungarian mare Kincsem, whose racing career, up to to the time of writing (January, 1880) has not been dimmed with a single defeat. Kincsem is a chestnut mare, now six years old, and was sired by Cambuscan out of Water Nymph, by Cotswold, grandam Mermaid, by Melbourne. Cambuscan was raced in England at two and three years old, being then a first-class two-year-old performer, but did not do much in the following year, and was eventually sold to the Hungarian government. Water Nymph was bred in Hungary, and purchased for a mere bagatelle by Mr. Blascovitz, from whom she bred Kincsem, and it is needless to say how little that gentleman thought what a bonanza he was purchasing when he invested for the first time in blood stock. This gentle man is a merchant in Buda-Pesth, and farms a few acres near the city, his horses being trained by Mr. Hesp, who has a public training stable in that vicinity. Mr. Hesp is a Yorkshireman by birth, and learned the rudiments of his profession under John Scott, who was known far and wide in turf circles as the wizard of the north. The writer was introduced to Mr. Hesp at Frankfort last August, the day previous to Kincsem's fiftieth victory, and was taken to the mare's stable, where was she enjoying her evening feed. Having seen race horses in all quarters of the globe, including Gladiateur, Blair Athol, Clifden, Longfellow, Harry Bassett, Monarchist, Duke of Magenta, Wheel of Fortune and many other high-class race horses, the writer can safely assert that this mare outshines them all. As she stood in the box, munching her corn, a first glance made her out to be a long, low mare, standing about 15 hands 3 inches, but on going up to her withers he found she was 16 hands 1 inch, and made in proportion. With a long, lean head, wide throttle and powerful neck, well set off to sloping shoulders, no fault could be found with her forehead. Her depth through the girth is immense, and her back is as level as a billiard table. Her muscular power has borne her owner's colors first past the post in fifty-four consecutive races. Her action when extended is simply perfection and her stride immense, the way she tucks her hind legs under her being a treat to witness. Her temper too, is perfect, but having been pampered since she was a baby, the mare has naturally a few whims and peculiarities. She is very particular about the water she drinks. On one occasion she flatly refused to drink the water brought to her, and a cart was sent some miles to a neighboring town to fetch her some of a different kind, which she was graciously pleased to approve of. Mr. Hesp always takes his own hay and oats with him when he leaves home, in case of being unable to find provender to suit her ladyship. In one race as a two-year old she was standing when the flag fell, losing fifty yards, but this did not help her opponents at all. At two years old she won ten races; three years old, seventeen; four years old, fifteen; and five years old, twelve—making fifty-four in all up to this year. There is hardly a sire of note in the English stud-book that she does not trace back to. Cold weather or hot, hard tracks or mud, come all alike to her, and traveling in cars on the eve of a race never diminishes her wonderful powers. She is rightly named Kincsem, which, literally interpreted, means darling.

A Strong Case.

A Detroit lawyer had a bill of $240 against a certain citizen put into his hand for collection the other day, and he wrote a note asking the debtor to call at his office and see about it. The man promptly appeared, looked the bill over, and said:

"Well, I guess that's all correct."

"You acknowledge the indebtedness, do you?"

"I do."

"And what arrangements will you make to settle it?"

"I'll put in an offset. I've been feeding two hogs for this man all winter, and my bill is just $240. I was figuring it up this very morning."

"What! $240 for feeding two hogs for three or four months!" exclaimed the astonished lawyer.

"Just four months, sir, and the bill is correct."

"And what are the hogs worth today?"

"Ten dollars apiece."

"Well, you'll find it hard to convince the court that your hog-feed was worth any such money."

"Hog-feed!" shrieked the other, as he suddenly jumped up, "do you suppose I'm charging $240 for the feed them hogs devoured! No, sir, I put in the feed at only $40, but the $200 is for my Sunday hat, which fell into the pen and was gobbled down, and for my anxiety of mind for fear the porkers would catch the mumps from my children. Mental anguish is the backbone of this case, sir, and every one of my family will be seated in a row before the jury, and all will begin to weep as I rise to ask that justice be done a man who lost as fine a cow as you ever saw nine years ago this spring!"

Establish Healthful Co-operation

between the stomach, the liver and the bowels, if you want to banish sick headaches, nervousness and mental despondency. Upon the vigor of the first named organ depends the good service of the two latter. That fine stomachic, Hostetter's Bitters, pure, approved by physicians, derived from the best botanic sources, soon puts to rout the symptoms which make the lives of nervous, bilious invalids miserable. The very fountain head of such trouble is feebleness of digestion, for which it is an incomparable, long established and widely celebrated remedy. It builds up the constitution when shaken by disease, and protects it against malarial and other hurtful influences. It is an agreeable appetizer, a useful strengthening cordial for the convalescent, and greatly mitigates the gathering infirmities of age.

AGRICULTURE.

PLOWING.—There are minor points connected with the subject of plowing which are worthy of careful consideration. The field should be so arranged that long furrows may be plowed, instead of short ones, that is, if half an acre only is to be plowed, economy in labor and time would suggest a field of eighty rods in length and one rod in width rather than four rods in width and twenty rods long. In the first instance the plowman would have to turn his team sixteen times, providing that the furrow is twelve inches in width, while in the second case sixty-seven turnings of the team would be necessary, occupying more time than was employed in turning the sod. Again the width of the furrow is a serious item in the cost of plowing. In the first case above mentioned, if the furrow turned should be eight inches in place of twelve, not only would twenty-four turnings of the team be required instead of sixteen, but the team would be forced to travel one-third further, while in the second case previously stated eighty-nine turnings would be necessary instead of sixty-seven. If the length of the furrow be the same in both cases, yet by taking a furrow one-third broader, three acres may be plowed in the same time occupied in plowing two acres with a narrow furrow. There are plows in the market which will turn a twelve-inch furrow with equal ease to the horses, as other plows give in turning eight-inch furrows. Yet many farmers still continue working with an old style plow, difficult of draft, simply because they cannot afford to purchase a new and more modern implement that would more than save its extra cost in a single season.

HOW TO CATCH A FOWL.—Few persons know how to secure a bird to advantage. Never seize a fowl by the tail, if a fine bird, or touch the back, but grasp both legs at once with a firm, tight, quick hold, then raise free from the ground or perch, and hang the body down clear of any obstacle. This method does not ruffle the plumage, which in a fine bird must be avoided. When the web of the feather is once broken, it can never be united again, and where much handled this often occurs, giving to the bird a ragged appearance. It is the source of much annoyance to a nice, clean, smooth bird, to have the plumage ruffled. Their bodily covering is regarded with the utmost care, and the lustre and beauty of it indicates the health and strength of the fowl.

TONIC FOR FRUIT TREES.—Sulphate of iron (green copperas) dissolved in water, at the rate of two pounds to the barrel, makes an excellent tonic for all kinds of fruit trees, especially pear, peach and quince. It may be sprinkled around under the trees with a watering-pot, about blooming-time, or it may be sprinkled in its dry state, two or three ounces around each tree. This solution is cheap, but it may be made in sufficient quantities for the merest trifle, as follows: Put old nails or scraps of old iron in an old kettle; put a quart of sulphuric acid into a gallon of water and pour it upon the scraps. A few days will make it strong enough; take it out and fill up again with the diluted acid. The effect of this tonic on yellow, sickly trees is often surprising. The solution should taste but little of the copperas. A quart at a time, once a week, will soon change the color of leaves from a sickly yellow to a dark green.

GROWING SAGE.—In regard to sage, many have it for a year or so, when it disappears. To have sage continuously, it is best to treat it every second year as we would box-edgings, that is, it should be taken up, split apart, and set in the ground much deeper than it was the year before. Roots then come out from the vigorous young wood, and the plants seem better adapted to stand extremes of heat and cold than when the branches are exposed on long stalks. Sage is not so liable to get killed out in the winter when it is left untouched. Many cut back some of it for drying. Indeed, dried sage is the form in which it is chiefly used. When this is done regularly the plants do not need replanting so often.

WARM WATER FOR PLANTS.—There is no mistaking the perfect effect of warm spring rains upon young grass or plants, and its influence upon the germination of seeds; whilst autumn rains unless they, too, are warm—produce no such sudden and vivifying effect. Let us learn care from these effects in nature, and not chill our flowers with cold water, nor poison them with filthy water.

SOFT SHELLED EGGS.—When soft eggs are laid by fowl they indicate usually that the egg organs are inflammed. This state is occasioned by the birds being over fed or too fat. Spare diet and plenty of green food, especially lettuce leaves in summer, or cabbage in winter, is the best treatment for fowls in such condition.

A RATHER limited test of the plausible theory that milk is one of the best foods to produce milk, has convinced us that when a sheep has rather a limited supply of milk for her lambs, skimmed milk can be fed to her with better and quicker results than shorts or roots.

SUN FOR FLOWERS.—Abutilions do not need a great deal of sunlight; coliseum ivy will do well in a hanging pot at a north window. Geraniums all require as much sun as you can give them, to have them look well and blossom.

CATTLE as a general thing don't thrive well in a barn where they can see all that is going on out of doors through the cracks in the boarding. There must be a seclusion to a certain extent in the barn.

VEGETINE in Powder Form comes within the reach of all. By making the medicine yourself you can, from a 50c. package containing the Barks, Roots and Herbs, make two bottles of the liquid Vegetine. Thousands will gladly avail themselves of this opportunity, who have the conveniences to make the medicine. Full directions in every package. Vegetine in Powder Form is sold by all druggists' and general stores. If you cannot buy it of them, enclose fifty cents in postage stamps for one package, or one dollar for two packages, and I will send it by return mail. H. R. Stevens, Boston, Mass.

Voice of the People.

HILLSDALE, Mich.

R. V. PIERCE, M. D.:

I had a serious disease of the lungs, and was for a time confined to my bed and under the care of a physician. His prescriptions did not help me. I grew worse, coughing very severely. I commenced taking your Medical Discovery, which helped me greatly. I have taken several bottles, and am restored to good health. Yours respectfully,

JUDITH BURNETT.

HUMOROUS.

MANVILLE (to his widowed friend Chasuble, who has views on art)—"Is it true that you've broken off with Sir Henry's daughter?"

Chasuble—"Alas, yes, I was forced to, although she is a charming woman."

"Manville—"Why?"

Chasuble—"Incompatibility of complexion. She does not suit my furniture."

THE game of from 25 to 40 will puzzle the census-taker more than the little game of 13-14-15. He will be awfully puzzled when a maiden lady with corkscrew curls and false-teeth tells him that she was "born in 1860, and he can count it up himself.', He'll be ready to swear that she has jumped the "15" from the lower left-hand corner.

AT a crowded French country theatre a woman fell from the gallery to the pit, and was picked up by one of the spectators, who, hearing her groaning, asked her if she was much injured. "Much injured!" exclaimed the woman. "I should think I am. I have lost the best seat in the very middle of the front row."

POLLY: Well, Pat, what is it now? Would you rather look a bigger fool than ye are, or be a bigger fool than ye look? Pat: Sure now, my darlint, and I'll be both till I find which side o' the argimint yer on yerself, whin, by jabers, I'll join ye, right or wrong.

A VERMONT woman went to a store and asked for a "Cook-book," and they gave her a volume of Joseph's lectures, and after she had got up a dinner by it, they found it necessary to call four doctors to get the family through the night, and rival sextons roosted on the fence for two days, prepared for emergencies.

"SOMEBODY's coming when the dewdrops fall," she was softly humming, when the old man remarked, "An' you bet yer sweet life, Maria, that he'll think a thunder storm has let loose when he gets here."

"WHEN I was a little boy," lisped a very stupid society man to a young lady, "all my ideath in life were thentered on being a clown." "Well, there is at least one case of gratified ambition," was the reply.

"MEN often jump at conclusions," says the proverb. So do dogs. One recently jumped at the conclusion of a cat, which was sticking through the opening of a partly closed door, and it created a great disturbance.

WHISKY at $1.05 is above par, but the follow who takes it in generally gets below. Moral—Never try to corner whisky by drinking it; if the whisky don't go down, 999 to 1 you will.

DON'T be in a hurry in this world. A Missouri farmer had a boil. Some one told him it was a cancer, and he was so scared that he hung himself. The best way is to go slow and poultice 'em.

LEAP year contains one day more than the ordinary year. This explains why it is never claimed that woman wants but little year below.

AN Irish newspaper says: "In the absence of both editors, the publishers have succeeded in securing the service of a gentleman to edit the paper this week."

NEVER shoot a cat with a brick until after bed time. You may catch the servant's girl's fellow in the back, and then she'll leave.

WHAT is the difference between the post office and one of the churches? One has the postmaster and the other the most pastor.

WHEN a boy bats a ball through a parlor window, the boy may not lose his inning, but the man who owns the window is invariably put out.

NOW they say the real grievance of the Cincinnati people against Theodore Thomas is that he would not beat time with a ham.

A NEW YORK man who was troubled with insomnia took a situation as night watchman, and was asleep half an hour after he went on duty the first time.

ONE man eloped with the wife of another from a spelling bee in Tennessee. Such bees interfere with the honeymoon.

A YOUNG man who has recently taken a wife says he didn't find it half so hard to get married as he did to get furniture.

THE laundry girls in Dubuque, Iowa, are preparing for a strike. It may be well for them "to strike while the iron's hot."

IF a man's horses should lose their tails, why should he sell them wholesale. Because he can't retail them.

THE best way to encourage a tramp is to show him a pile of cord wood, and other little axe of kindness.

AN Irish lover remarked that it is a great pleasure to be alone, "especially whin yer sweetheart is wid yer."

"I PROPOSE to drop your acquaintance, said the mischievous urchin who threw pussy down the well.

COLUMBUS made an egg stand. But Italians of less renown have made the peanut stand.

To succeed, a young man must work. Unless he succeeds to an estate.

A QUARRELSOME woman is always ready to come to the scratch.

IF BABIES could talk, they would often express their thanks to their nurses, for relieving them of pain and suffering, by the use of Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup.

WE trust the time will come when every one will use Dobbins' Electric Soap, (made by Cragin & Co., Philadelphia.) Its sale is daily increasing, as is always the case with articles of merit. Try it.

DEACON SMITH buys Carbolene, the deodorized petroleum hair renewer and restorer, and since its improvement, recommends it to all his friends as the perfection of all hair preparations. This shows that the Deacon is a wise man and knows what is what.

PLEURISY PAINS and all Asthmatic and Bronchial Affections, are soon relieved by that certain remedy for Coughs and Colds, Dr. Jayne's Expectorant.

DOMESTIC.

BAKED VENISON.—Time, fifteen to twenty minutes to the pound. Trim the joint, wash in tepid water, and wipe it dry. Rub it over with fresh butter beef drippings, or lard, then cover it over with a thick paste of flour and water, about half an inch thick, closely modelled to the meat with the hand. Put it in a baking pan with about a pint of boiling stock, gravy, or beef drippings, and bake. Baste it frequently, at least every ten minutes. Thirty minutes before the meat is cooked remove the paste cover; when cooked serve on a hot dish with gravy made as follows: About two hours before the joint is baked put into a pot of cold water sufficient to cover the scraps trimmed from the joint, or one or two pounds of venison cut into pieces; season with cayenne pepper, salt, cloves, and nutmeg. Cover and let it simmer; remove the scum as it rises. When it has simmered to about one-half the quantity of water used, take it from the fire and strain the gravy. After the joint is removed, put the gravy into the baking pan and stir into it one or two tablespoonfuls of blended brown flour. Let it boil up at once, and serve in a separate dish.

A DELICIOUS dessert dish: Peel five oranges and slice in small pieces into a pudding dish. Sprinkle as you place with one cup granulated sugar. Boil one pint of milk, three teaspoonfuls cornstarch, one-half cup sugar and a pinch of salt. When boiled add yolks of two eggs well beaten. When nearly cold pour this over the orange. Make a meringue of the whites of the eggs with one-half cup of sugar. Brown for a minute in hot oven, or by holding a hot lid over it being careful not to heat the orange, as that would make it bitter. Serve cold.

APPLE CHARLOTTE.—Butter a deep baking bowl, line it with thin slices of wheaten bread which have been soaked in sweet cream; fill the bowl to within one inch of the top with sliced apples in layers, with beef marrow; sugar and grated lemon or orange peel; cover the apples with thin slices of bread soaked in cream; cover the bowl closely with an ordinary earthen-ware pie-dish, in which place water to prevent its cracking; bake in rather brisk oven from one hour to one and one-half hour, according to the size of the charlotte.

PORK PIE.—Take equal parts of sweet milk and lard; bring to a boil; pour this upon flour enough to make a stiff paste; add a little salt; then work till smooth, having no lumps in it. Cut into pieces of desired size; roll into a ball; push your hand down in the shape desired. Fill with good fresh pork, in equal parts of fat and lean, cut fine; put on a crust of the same dough, and bake slowly on an ordinary pie pan. No pan or dish is necessary to hold up the edges.

ALUM IN BREAD.—To discover whether bread is adulterated with alum, soak the bread in water, and to the water in which it has been soaked add a little of the solution of muriate of lime, upon which, if any alum be present, the liquid will be pervaded with milkiness; but if the bread be pure, the liquid will remain limpid. Rationale; Sulphuric acid has a stronger affinity for lime than alumina and potassium, with which it forms alum; it therefore quits those bodies to form sulphate of lime with the lime of the test, which produces the milkiness.

HARD SOAP.—One pound of concentrated lye dissolved in two quarts of soft water; pour into a large pitcher to cool. Melt five pounds grease of any kind, have it milk-warm and pour in the lye slowly, stirring rapidly until it begins to thicken. Add one or one-half ounce oil of sassafras. Pour into a box one foot square and cover it, leaving it in a warm place for three or four days. Cut into squares and it is ready for use.

BLACK THREAD LACE.—To renovate black-thread lace, wash it carefully in alcohol, or pure spirits which is diluted alcohol. Lay a towel on a board or table, and smooth out the veil, carefully stretching it, and pinning it to the board round the edge of the lace with pins. When dry, it will look like new, if carefully done.

CROUP, it is said, can be cured in one minute, and the remedy is simply alum and sugar. The way to accomplish the deed is to take a knife or grater, and shave off in small particles about a teaspoonful of alum; then mix it with twice its quantity of sugar, to make it palatable, and administer it as quickly as possible. Almost instantaneous relief will follow.

GRAVIES.—To have gravy always on hand you must do as the French do—namely: Save gristle and every bone left from cold meat or fresh. The bones must be chopped small and put on to stew, with enough water to cover. Leave the fat on until you need to use the gravy. By this means it will keep longer.

A COAT of gum copal varnish applied to the soles of boots and shoes, and repeated as it dries, until the pores are filled and the surface shines like polish mahogany, will make the soles water-proof, and it lasts three times as long.

"NO CURE, NO PAY,"—We authorize our agents to guarantee that our medicine, if taken according to direction, will relieve Constipation and the diseases incident to a Torpid Liver; provided they take the genuine Simmons' Liver Regulator, by the directions. Be sure to note it is perfectly safe and reliable, free from any of the objections and dangers connected with the ordinary remedies. It is an active Cathartic, Tonic, and Alterative, not unpleasant to the taste, and leaves no lassitude or ill-effects after it has operated, and in no event can it injure the most delicate constitution. Children take it without hesitancy.

"I have been selling Simmons' Regulator for three or four years and it gives entire satisfaction. Don't know of a single case when it failed to cure. Yours truly, "C. C. GILLILAND, 114 Main St., Gallatin, Mo."

PEOPLE will not be so very foolish that they will allow themselves to be deceived with a new Cough Syrup when they have experienced the value of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup for many years. Price. 25 cents.

AN EXTENDED POPULARITY.—Each year finds "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*" in new localities, in various parts of the world. For relieving Coughs, Colds and Throat Diseases, the Troches have been *proved* reliable.

A CARD.—To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, etc., I will send a Recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D. New York City.

Can Piles be Cured?

Is the most important question to-day with suffering millions who, when looking at the long list of useless pile nostrums, feel as the afflicted Bible Patriarch, like exclaiming: "I have heard many such things, miserable comforters are ye all, how long will ye vex my soul and break me in pieces with words?" It is not recorded that Job had piles, but he could not have had anything more painful, and the same question might have been asked then as since for three thousand years. *Can pilesbe cured?* We believe that Dr. Sisbee has solved the problem, for nothing is more certain than that his "Anakesis" does *absolutely* and *promptly cure* the worst cases of piles. When half a million of afflicted assert positively that it *has cured them*, and in 20 years *no one* has used the doctor's wonderful remedy without instant relief, and by following his simple instructions as to habit and diet, all were benefitted and over 95 per cent. cured, all arguments and theories of those who haven't used them, go for naught. Anakesis is now prescribed by physicians of all schools and has been pronounced as near infallible as is possible. It is easily applied, perfectly safe, instantly relieves pain, and ultimately cures the most inveterate cases. It has grandly solved the problem that Piles *can* be cured. Samples of "Anakesis" are sent free to all sufferers on application to P. Neustaedter & Co., sole manufacturers of Anakesis, Box 3946 New York. Also, sold by druggists everywhere. Price $1 per box.

The Voltaic Belt Co., Marshall, Mich.

Will send their celebrated Electro Voltaic Belts to the afflicted upon 30 days's trial. Speedy cures guaranteed. They mean what they say. Write to them without delay

Vegetine.

The Great Blood Purifier.

IN POWDER FORM.

50 cts. a Package.

DR. W. ROSS WRITES:

SCROFULA, LIVER COMPLAINT, DYSPEPSIA, RHEUMATISM, WEAKNESS.

MR. H. R. STEVENS, Boston:

I have been practising medicine for 25 years, and as a remedy for scrofula, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Weakness, and all diseases of the blood, I have never found its equal. I have sold Vegetine for seven years and have never had one bottle returned. I would heartily recommend it to those in need of a blood purifier. DR. W. ROSS, Druggist.

Sept. 18, 1878. Wilton, Iowa.

Vegetine.

One Package in Powder Form Cured Scrofula.

How to Reduce Your Doctor Bills.

86 BREMEN ST., East Boston, Mass., September 30, 1879.

Dear Sir: My little daughter Stella has been afflicted a long time with scrofula, suffering everything. I employed three physicians in East Boston, but they helped her none. I bought some of your POWDER FORM VEGETINE, and my wife steeped it and gave it to the child according to the directions, and we were surprised in a fortnight's time to see how the child had gained in flesh and strength. She is now gaining every day, and I can cheerfully recommend your remedy to be the best we have ever tried.

Respectfully yours, J. T. WEBB.

VEGETINE
PREPARED BY
H. R. STEVENS, Boston, Mass.

Vegetine is Sold by All Druggists.

AGENTS WANTED FOR THE
PICTORIAL HISTORY OF THE WORLD

Embracing full and authentic accounts of every nation of ancient and modern times, and including a history of the rise and fall of th Greek and Roman Empires, the middle ages, the crusades, the feudal system, the reformation, the discovery and settlement of the new World, etc., etc.

It contains 672 fine historical engravings, and is the most complete History of the World ever published. Send for specimen pages and extra terms to agents. Address
NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

DIPHTHERIA!!

Johnson's Anodyne Liniment will positively prevent this terrible disease, and will positively cure nine cases in ten. Information that will save many lives sent free by mail. Don't delay a moment. Prevention is better than cure. Sold everywhere.

I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Bangor, Me.

IF YOU WOULD BE PROPERLY suited with spectacles, apply correspond to

DR. N. C. GRAY, Optician,
28 N. TWELFTH Street,
Philadelphia, Pa.

SAPONIFIER

Is the Old Reliable Concentrated Lye for FAMILY SOAP MAKING. Directions accompany each can for making **Hard, Soft** and **Toilet Soap** quickly It is full weight and strength.

ASK FOR SAPONIFIER,
AND TAKE NO OTHER.
PENN'A SALT MANUF'G CO., PHILAD'A

SCHOOL SONG BOOKS.

STANDARD SINGING BOOKS for High Schools, **High School Choir** ($1.00); for Girls' Normal Schools, Everett's **School Song Book**, (60 cts.); for upper Grammar Classes, **Grammar School Choir**, (60 cts.); general collection for Schools, **Whippoorwill**, (50 cts.); and for Primary Schools, **American School Music Reader**, **Book 1**, (35 cts.)

VALUABLE LARGE COLLECTIONS OF PIANO MUSIC.

Each book has from 200 to 250 pages, and costs $2.00 in Boards and $2.50 in Cloth.

Cluster of Gems. 43 pieces, moderately difficult.
Gems of the Dance. 79 of the best Waltzes, etc.
Gems of Strauss. 80 splendid Strauss pieces.
Pianoforte Gems. 100 pieces. Great variety.
Home Circle, Vol. 1. 170 easy pieces.
" " " **2.** 142 pieces. 22 for 4 hands.
Parlor Music, Vol. 1. 60 easy pieces.
" " " **2.** 60 " "
Creme de la Creme, Vol. 1. 43 difficult pieces.
" " " " **2.** 42 " "
Fountain of Gems. 97 easy Piano pieces.
Welcome Home. 60 " " "
Pearls of Melody. 50 pieces, medium difficulty.
Pianist's Album. 102 pieces. Fine collection.

The above 14 books contain nearly all the popular piano pieces ever published.

Oliver Ditson & Co., Boston,

J. E. DITSON, & CO.,
1228 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

MRS. POTTS' COLD HANDLE SAD IRON

ADVANTAGES.

A COLD DETACHABLE WALNUT HANDLE
ARE LINED WITH NON-CONDUCTING CEMENT.
HEAT QUICKER THAN OTHER IRONS
RETAIN THE HEAT LONGER.
REQUIRE NO HOLDER OR CLOTH
DO NOT BURN THE HAND.
ARE DOUBLE POINTED
IRON BOTH WAYS.
THE BEST IN USE
CHEAP.

FOR SALE BY
THE HARDWARE TRADE.

JOSEPH C. TODD,

ENGINEER and MACHINIST,
Paterson, N. J. and 10 Barclay St., N. Y.

Flax, Hemp, Jute, Rope and Bagging Machinery; Steam Engines and Boilers of every description; Hoisting Machinery for miners, &c. Owner and exclusive manufacturer of the new Patent Baxter Portable Engine. These engines are a great improvement over the old style, and are admirably adapted for all kinds of agricultural and mechanical purposes. Send for descriptive circular. Address as above.

MAKE HENS LAY.

An English Veterinary Surgeon and Chemist, now traveling in this country, says that most of the Horse and Cattle Powders here are worthless trash. He says that Sheridan's Condition Powders are absolutely pure and immensely valuable. Nothing on earth will make hens lay like Sheridan's Condition Powders. Dose, one teaspoon to one pint of feed. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail for eight letter stamps. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Bangor, Me.

LANDRETHS' SEEDS

ARE THE BEST.
D. LANDRETH & SONS, 21 & 23 S. SIXTH St.
PHILADELPHIA.

Sturdivant's Great Catarrh Remedy

Is the safest, most agreeable and effectual remedy in the world for the cure of CATARRH. No matter from what cause, or how long standing, by giving

STURDIVANT'S CATARRH REMEDY

a fair and impartial trial, you will be convinced of this fact. This medicine is very pleasant and can be taken by the most delicate stomach. For sale by all Druggists, and by HOLLOWAY & CO., 602 Arch Street, Philadelphia.

ACENTS WANTED to Sell the NEW BOOK,
FARMING FOR PROFIT

TELLS HOW TO
Cultivate all the Farm Crops in the Best Manner; Breed, Feed and Care for Stock; Grow Fruit; Manage Farm Business; Make Happy Homes, and
How to Make Money on the Farm.

Every Farmer should have a copy. 860 Pages. 140 Illustrations. Send for circulars to
J. C. McCURDY & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

154

13-15-14 Solved! A NEW KEY to this great puzzle and 7 packets of choicest La Plume Flower Seeds for eight 3c stamps.
I. F. TILLINGHAST, La Plume, Pa.

Golden Medical Discovery

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures all **Humors**, from the worst **Scrofula** to a common **Blotch, Pimple, or Eruption, Erysipelas, Salt-rheum, Fever Sores, Scaly or Rough Skin**, in short, all diseases caused by bad blood, are conquered by this powerful, purifying, and invigorating medicine.

Especially has it manifested its potency in curing **Tetter, Rose Rash, Boils, Carbuncles, Sore Eyes, Scrofulous Sores and Swellings, White Swellings, Goitre or Thick Neck, and Enlarged Glands.**

If you feel dull, drowsy, debilitated, have sallow color of skin, or yellowish-brown spots on face or body, frequent headache or dizziness, bad taste in mouth, internal heat or chills alternated with hot flushes, irregular appetite, and tongue coated, you are suffering from **Torpid Liver, or "Biliousness."** As a remedy for all such cases Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has no equal, as it effects perfect and radical cures.

In the cure of **Bronchitis, Severe Coughs, Weak Lungs**, and early stages of **Consumption**, it has astonished the medical faculty, and eminent physicians pronounce it the greatest medical discovery of the age. Sold by druggists.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets

The "Little Giant" Cathartic.

No use of taking the large, repulsive, nauseous pills. These Pellets (Little Pills) are scarcely larger than mustard seeds.

Being entirely vegetable, no particular care is required while using them. They operate without disturbance to the system, diet, or occupation. As For **Jaundice, Headache, Constipation, Impure Blood, Pain in the Shoulders, Tightness of Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations from Stomach, Bad Taste in Mouth, Bilious attacks, Pain in region of Kidneys, Internal Fever, Blended feeling about Stomach, Rush of Blood to Head**, take Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets. Sold by druggists.

WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, Proprs., Buffalo, N. Y.

DVERTISEMENTS

nserted in **ANY OR ALL** of the Newspapers named in the Directory for **ONE TIME**, or for **ONE YEAR**, in the best positions, which are carefully watched, at the **LOWEST PRICES**, on application to

S. M. PETTENGILL & CO.,

at either of their offices in

ESTIMATES MADE

For Advertisers without charge, for insertion in a **CHOICE SELECTION** of Newspapers, or for the **BEST** Newspapers in **ANY** City, Town, County or Section.

Advertisements in the Best Positions, at Very Reasonable Rates.

S. M. PETTENGILL & CO.

701 Chestnut Street, Philada.

HEALTH IS WEALTH.

Health of Body is Wealth of Mind.

Radway's Sarsaparillian Resolvent

Pure blood makes sound flesh, strong bone and a clear skin. If you would have your flesh firm, your bones sound, without caries, and your complexion fair, use **Radway's Sarsaparillian Resolvent.**

A GRATEFUL RECOGNITION

"To cure a CHRONIC OR LONG STANDING DISEASE is truly a victory in the healing art; that reasoning power that clearly discerns DEFECT and supplies a remedy; that restores step by step—by degrees—the body which has been slowly attacked and weakened by an insidious disease, not only commands our respect but deserves our gratitude. Dr. Radway has furnished mankind with that wonderful remedy, **Radway's Sarsaparillian Resolvent**, which accomplishes this result, and suffering humanity, who drag out an existence of pain and disease, through long days and long nights, owe him their gratitude."—*Medical Messenger.*

FALSE AND TRUE.

We extract from Dr. Radway's "Treatise on disease and its Cure," as follows:

List of Diseases Cured by

Radway's Sarsaparillian Resolvent.

Chronic Skin Diseases, Caries of the Bone, Humors in the Blood, Scrofulous Diseases, Bad or unnatural Habit of Body, Syphilis and Venereal, Fever Sores, Chronic or Old Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Rickets, White Swelling, Scald Head, Uterine Affections, Cankers, Glandular Swellings, Nodes, Wasting and Decay of the Body, Pimples and Blotches Tumors, Dyspepsia, Kidney and Bladder Diseases, Chronic Rheumatism and Gout, Consumption, Gravel and Calculous Deposits, and varieties of the above complaints to which sometimes are given specious names.

We assert that there is no known remedy that possesses the curative power over these diseases that RADWAY'S RESOLVENT furnishes. It cures, step by step, surely, from the foundation, and restores the injured parts to their sound condition. **The wastes of the body are stopped and healthy blood is supplied to the system**, from which new material is formed. This is the first corrective power of RADWAY'S RESOLVENT. In cases where the system has been salivated and Mercury, Quicksilver, Corrosive Sublimate have accumulated and become deposited in the bones, joints, etc., causing caries of the bones, rickets, spinal curvatures, contortions, white swellings, varicose veins, etc., the SARSAPARILLIAN will resolve away those deposits and exterminate the virus of the disease from the system.

If those who are taking these medicines for the cure of Chronic, Scrofulous or Syphilitic diseases, however slow may be the cure, "feel better," and find their general health improving, their flesh and weight increasing, or even keeping its own, is a sure sign that the cure is progressing. In these diseases the patient either gets better or worse—the virus of the disease is not inactive; if not arrested and driven from the blood it will spread and continue to undermine the constitution. As soon as the SARSAPARILLIAN makes the patient "feel better," every hour you will grow better and increase in health, strength and flesh.

OVARIAN TUMORS.

The removal of these tumors by RADWAY'S RESOLVENT is now so certainly established that what was once considered almost miraculous is now a common recognized fact by all parties. Witness the cases of Hannah P. Knapp, Mrs. C. Krapf, Mrs. J. H. Jolly and Mrs. P. D. Hendrix, published in our Almanac for 1879; also that of Mrs. C. S. Bibbins, in the present edition of our "False and True."

One Dollar per Bottle.

MINUTE REMEDY.

Only requires minutes, not hours, to relieve pain and cure acute disease.

Radway's Ready Relief,

In from one to twenty minutes, never fails to relieve PAIN with one thorough application. No matter how violent or excruciating the pain the RHEUMATIC, Bed-ridden, Infirm, Crippled, Nervous, Neuralgic, or prostrated with disease may suffer, RADWAY'S READY RELIEF will afford instant ease.

Inflammation of the Kidneys, Inflammation of the Bladder, Inflammation of the Bowels, Congestion of the Lungs, Sore Throat, Difficult Breathing, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics, Croup, Diphtheria, Catarrh, Influenza, Headache, Toothache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Cold Chills, Ague Chills, Chilblains, Frost Bites, Bruises, Summer Complaints, Coughs, Cold, sprains, Pains in the Chest, Back or Limbs, are instantly relieved.

FEVER AND AGUE.

Fever and Ague cured for Fifty Cents. There is not a remedial agent in the world that will cure Fever and Ague, and all other Malarious, Bilious, Scarlet, Typhoid, Yellow and other fevers (aided by RADWAY'S PILLS) so quick as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.

It will in a few moments, when taken according to directions, cure Cramps, Spasms, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Colic, Wind in the Bowels, and all Internal Pains.

Travelers should always carry a bottle of RADWAY'S READY RELIEF with them. A few drops in water will prevent sickness or pains from change of water. It is better than French brandy or bitters as a stimulant.

Miners and Lumbermen should always be provided with it.

CAUTION.

All remedial agents capable of destroying life by an overdose should be avoided. Morphine, opium, strychnine, arnica, hyoscyamus, and other powerful remedies, does at certain times, in very small doses, relieve the patient during their action in the system. But perhaps the second dose, if repeated, may aggravate and increase the suffering, and another dose cause death. There is no necessity for using these uncertain agents when a positive remedy like RADWAY'S READY RELIEF will stop the most excruciating pain quicker, without entailing the least difficulty in either infant or adult.

THE TRUE RELIEF.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF is the only remedial agent in vogue that will instantly stop pain.

Fifty Cents per Bottle.

Radway's Regulating Pills.

Perfect Purgatives, Soothing Aperients, Act Without Pain, Always Reliable and Natural in their Operation.

A VEGETABLE SUBSTITUTE FOR CALOMEL.

Perfectly tasteless, elegantly coated with sweet gum, purge, regulate, purify, cleanse and strengthen.

RADWAY'S PILLS, for the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Headache, Constipation, Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Fever, Inflammation of the Bowels, Piles, and all derangements of the Internal Viscera. Warranted to effect a perfect cure. Purely vegetable, containing no mercury, minerals or deleterious drugs.

☞ Observe the following symptoms resulting from Diseases of the Digestive Organs; Constipation, Inward Piles, Fullness of the Blood in the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust of Food, Fullness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffering Sensations when in a lying posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Fever and Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Chest, Limbs, and Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh.

A few doses of RADWAY'S PILLS will free the system from all the above-named disorders.

Price, 25 Cents per Box.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS.

READ "FALSE AND TRUE."

Send a letter stamp to RADWAY & CO., No. 32 WARREN, cor. CHURCH St., New York. Information worth thousands will be sent you.

BUY
THE BLATCHL